Legin N) ay 15-1959

A25 (550)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BIG FOUR BY TOM OCHILTREE

GENEVA, MAY 15 (AP)-SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO CALLED TODAY FOR PROMPT SIGNING OF A PEACE TREATY WITH EACH SIDE OF GERMANY. HIS DEMAND RAN DIRECTLY COUNTER TO WESTERN HOPES FOR A PHASED REUNIFICA-TION OF THE DIVIDED NATION.

GROMYKO REBUFFED THE WESTERN 30-MONTH PACKAGE PLAN FOR SOLVING THE BERLIN, GERMAN AND EUROPEAN SECURITY PROBLEMS, WHICH PROVIDES FOR A PEACE TREATY WITH AN ALL-GERMAN GOVERNMENT AFTER UNIFICATION.

SPEAKING FOR 45 MINUTES AT THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE, GROMYKO DECLARED ATTEMPTS TO HANDLE THESE PROBLEMS TOGETHER WOULD BRING THE TALKS "INTO DEADLOCK FROM THE VERY OUTSET."

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SEES NO OTHER POSSIBILITY THAN THE

CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH THE TWO GERMAN STATES," HE SAID, "AND, IF A GERMAN CONFEDERATION (OF THOSE STATES) IS FORMED AT THE MOMENT OF THE SIGNATURE OF THE PEACE TREATY, THEN WITH THE GERMAN CONFDEDERATION AS WELL."

THE IMMEDIATE REACTION OF THE UNITED STATES WAS DISAPPOINTMENT THAT CROMYKO WAS STANDING PAT ON THE OLD SOVIET LINE PUT FORWARD BY MOSCOW IN A PROPOSED DRAFT TREATY JAN. 10. THAT DRAFT WAS REJECTED AT THE TIME BY THE WESTERN POWERS.

BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD POINTEDLY CALLED GROMYKO'S ATTENTION TO THE FACT THE NEW WESTERN PLAN, INTRODUCED YESTERDAY, CONTAINS A NUMBER OF CONCESSIONS TO THE SOVIET VIEWPOINT. HE DENIED SOVIET CHARGES THAT THE WEST WAS TANGLING UP ISSUES

TO COMPLICATE THE CURRENT NEGOTIATIONS. GROMYKO DECLARED THE WESTERN PACKAGE WOULD MAKE THE GERMAN PROBLEM

INSOLUBLE. LLOYD TOOK DIRECT ISSUE WITH HIM ON THIS POINT. THE BRITON DECLARED THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CONFUSED THE DISCUSSION OF THE ITEMS IN THE PACKAGE WITH THE CARRYING OUT OF SOLUTIONS AND ADDED:

"OF COURSE YOU CAN DISCUSS THEM ONE BY ONE. BUT AS THEY ARE, IN FACT, ALL CONNECTED THEY CANNOT BE SETTLED IN ISOLATION."

HE SAID THE CONFERENCE MUST RECOGNIZE THAT THE GERMAN PROBLEM REMAINS UNSOLVED AFTER 14 YEARS "BECAUSE IT IS INEVITABLY CONNECTED WITH THE BROADER QUESTIONS OF EUROPEAN AND EVEN WORLD SECURITY.

LLOYD ALSO CHALLENGED GROMYKO'S REITERATION OF AN OLD SOVIET CHARGE THAT THE WESTERN POWERS ARE FOSTERING A RENEWAL OF MILITARISM IN WEST GERMANY. WEST GERMANY IS A PARTNER IN NATO AS COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IS A PARTNER IN THE SOVIET-LED WARSAW PACT.

"WE HAVE OUR OWN VIEWS AS TO WHERE RESPONSIBILITY" FOR THE ARMS RACE LIES, LLOYD TOLD GROMYKO.

A U.S. STATEMENT ISSUED AFTER THE TWO-HOUR, SEVEN-MINUTE CONFERENCE SESSION CONTRASTED THE UNBUDGING SOVIET POSITION ON A GERMAN PEACE TREATY WITH THE ACTIVITY OF THE WESTERN POWERS IN THE LAST FOUR MONTHS TO DEVELOP A NEW APPROACH.

THE U.S. DELEGATION IS KEENLY DISAPPOINTED THAT MR. GROMYKO PUT FORWARD NOTHING NEW OR CONSTRUCTIVE, THE STATEMENT SAID.

THE DRAFT TREATY INTRODUCED BY GROMYKO, WOULD:

1. PROVIDE FOR THE CONCLUSION OF PEACE WITH THE BONN REPUBLIC AND EAST GERMANY ON THE BASIS OF THEIR BORDERS AS OF LAST NEW YEAR'S DAY. THIS WOULD AMOUNT TO OFFICIAL GERMAN RENUNCIATION OF EASTERN GERMAN TERRITORIES NOW ADMINISTERED BY POLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION AND KEEP THE PRESENT EASTERN GERMAN BOUNDARY O' NEISSE LINE.

30.24-7087

2. PROVIDE FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF ALL FOREIGN TROOPS FROM GERMAN TERRITORY AND LIMIT THE SIZE OF THE NATIONAL GERMAN FORCES. FORBIDDING THEM TO BE MEMBERS OF EITHER THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE OR THE WARSAW PACT.

4. LOOK TO NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO GERMAN STATES FOR GERMAN CONFEDERATION. UNTIL UNITY WAS ACHIEVED, WEST BERLIN WOULD HAVE THE STATUS OF A "DMEILITARIZED FREE CITY," WHICH WOULD MEAN THE WITHDRAWAL OF WESTERN GARRISONS.

IN CONTRAST THE WESTERN PACKAGE PLAN PROVIDES FIRST FOR UNITING EAST AND WEST BERLIN WITH BIG FOUR GUARANTEES AND GARRISONS TO MAINTAIN SECURITY OF THE CITY UNTIL IT WOULD BECOME THE CAPITAL OF A UNITED GERMANY.

THE PROBLEM OF GERMAN REUNIFICATION WOULD BE TACKLED GRADUALLY, BEGINNING WITH THE FORMATION OF AN ALL-GERMAN COMMITTEE TO DRAFT AN

IN THE NEXT PHASE AN ALL-GERMAN ASSEMBLY WOULD BE ELECTED AND GOVERNMENT OF THE ASSEMBLY'S CHOICE WOULD BEGIN NEGOTIATING A

PEACE TREATY WITH THE BIG FOUR.
FINALLY THE GOVERNMENT WOULD CONCLUDE A PEACE SETTLEMENT WITH ALL
THE NATIONS WHICH WAGED WAR ON HITLER'S REICH.

STEP-BY-STEP WITH THE REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY WOULD GO A PROGRAM OF SECURITY GUARANTEES AND THE THINNING OUT OF FORCES AND WEAPONS IN CENTRAL EUROPE. THE MAJOR POWERS WOULD LOOK FORWARD ULTIMATELY TO

VAST ARMS REDUCTIONS ON A GLOBAL SCALE.
THE PRESENT CONFERENCE IS THE OUTGROWTH OF A CRISIS TOUCHED OFF

LAST FALL BY SOVIET EFFORTS TO GET AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS OUT OF WEST BERLIN.

REGARDING THAT CITY, LLOYD SAID: "IT HAS NEVER BEEN THE WESTERN VIEW THAT THE PRESENT SITUATION

IN BERLIN IS IDEAL. NOTHING PROVISIONAL IS IDEAL...BERLIN
HAS BEEN DIVIDED FOR TOO LONG, JUST AS GERMANY HAS BEEN. LET US
THEREFORE BEGIN BY REUNIFYING BERLIN.

GROMYKO MAINTAINED THE ALLIES AGREED DURING WORLD WAR II TO FIX
GERMANY'S EASTERN LIMIT ON THE ODER-NIESSE LINE AND SAID THIS
DECISION WOULD HAVE TO BE CONFIRMED BY A PEACE TREATY.

ONLY THE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES OF EASTERN EUROPE RECOGNIZE THE

ODER-NIESSE LINE AS FINAL. GROMYKO MADE A BROAD ATTACK ON THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT, ACCUSING IT OF OPENLY STATING "ITS TERRITORIAL CLAIMS."

AFTER THE SESSION A WEST GERMAN SPOKESMAN TOLD NEWSMEN HIS GOVERNMENT REJECTED GROMYKO'S CHARGE. THE SPOKESMAN EMPHASIZED THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT HAS PLEDGED NOT TO TRY TO CHANGE EXISTING

THE SOVIET FUREIGN MINISTER LAD RUSSIA'S PROPOSAL FOR CONCLUSION BORDERS BY FORCE. OF PEACE WITH DIVIDED GERMANY "INCLUDES SIMULTANEOUS SOLUTION OF THE

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THAT THE MOST APPROPRIATE SOLUTION BERLIN QUESTION. WOULD LIE IN ACCORDING WEST BERLIN THE STATUS OF A FREE

DEMILITARIZED CITY, " HE SAID.

GROMYKO REPEATED THE SOVIET CLAIM THAT "THE QUESTION OF UNIFYING GERMANY MAINLY CONCERNS THE GERMANS" WHILE THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE GERMANY MAINLY CONCERNS THE GERMANS" WHILE THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY "INVOLVES THE INTERESTS OF MANY NATIONS IN EUROPE" AND BEYOND.

GROMYKO ENDED HIS SPEECH BY WISHING HIS COLLEAGUES GOOD HEALTH AND URGING THEM "NOT TO BE PESSIMISTIC AND SKEPTICAL ON THE PROSPECTS

OF THE CONFERENCE. THE FOUR MINISTERS HAVE NOW HAD FIVE DAYS OF DISCUSSIONS AND ARE TO RECONVENE AT 3:30 P.M. 9:30 A.M. EST) MONDAY. CONSULTATIONS AND PAF WO: JILL BE CRAMMED INTO THE WEEKEND. SECRETARY OF STATE HERTER IS FLYING TO ROME TOMORROW FOR A HURRIED ROUND OF TALKS WITH PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI AND OTHER ITALIAN LEADERS. HE WILL FLY BACK IN THE EVENING TO DINE WITH WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO. JR447PED

A112

(330)WITH GENEVA BIG FOUR

BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, MAY 15 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV DECLARES THAT IF THE WEST DOESN'T SIGN A PEACE TREATY WITH THE GERMANS THE SOVIET UNION WILL HAVE A LOT OF COMPANY IN SIGNING ONE WITH EAST GERMANY.

"I THINK NOT ONLY WE BUT OTHER SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) PEOPLES WHICH WERE ONCE IN A STATE OF WAR WITH GERMANY WILL ALSO SIGN A TREATY, AND PERHAPS SOME NON-SOCIALIST STATES AS WELL," HE DECLARED IN A SPEECH YESTERDAY AT KISHINEV, CAPITAL OF MOLDAVIA.

THE SOVIET PREMIER SAID COMMUNIST POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA, WHICH

THE SOVIET UNION IS TRYING TO SEAT AS FULL PARTICIPANTS AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE, HAVE ALREADY EXPRESSED AGREE-MENT.

ADDRESSING THE WESTERN POWERS FAMILIARLY, HE ADDED:
"IF SOME OF YOU DON'T WANT TO SIGN IT, WELL, WE WON'T PULL YOU BY
THE ARM. THE TIME WILL COME WHEN YOU WILL UNDERSTAND THE NECESSITY AND WILL SIGN THE PEACE TREATY BECAUSE THE PEOPLE WANT PEACE.

HE STOOD PAT ON THE BERLIN ISSUE, DECLARING:

WEST BERLIN MUST BECOME A FREE CITY.

KHRUSHCHEV MADE THIS STATEMENT ABOUT THE TIME THE UNITED STATES,

BRITAIN AND FRANCE UNVEILED IN GENEVA THEIR PACKAGE PLAN UNDER WHICH EAST AND WEST BERLIN WOULD BE UNITED THROUGH FREE ELECTIONS AS A FIRST STEP TOWARD GERMAN REUNIFICATION, AN ALL-GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND A START ON WORLD DISARMAMENT.

HE REITERATED THAT REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY IS A MATTER TO BE SOLVED BY THE GERMANS THEMSELVES THROUGH JOINT EFFORTS OF THE BONN REPUBLIC AND THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN REGIME.

DO WE HAVE TO FORCE THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC TO GO INTO CAPITALIST SLAVERY IN WEST GERMANY? HE ASKED. NO! THE CAPITALISTIC GENTLEMEN WILL HAVE TO HALT WATER THE STEED WHICH THE ISTIC GENTLEMEN WILL HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL THE SHRIMP WHISTLES. AND WHO KNOWS IF THE SHRIMP CAN REALLY WHISTLE?"

A TASS DISPATCH FROM KISHINEV SAID THIS BROUGHT HOWLS OF DELIGHT

FROM THE AUDIENCE.
KHRUSHCHEV NOTED THAT WESTERN GOVERNMENTS DO NOT RECOGNIZE THE

EAST GERMAN REGIME DIPLOMATICALLY, BUT ADDED:

"AS THE SAYING GOES, TIME MARCHES ON AND MEN BECOME WISER."

HE SAID EAST GERMANY IS A GOING CONCERN, DEVELOPING SUCCESSFULLY

EVEN WITHOUT WESTERN RECOGNITION. HE FORECAST THAT THE UNITED STATES

WILL EVENTUALLY HAVE TO RECOGNIZE EAST GERMANY AND RED CHINA AS WELL. MJ954AED

5105

WITH BIG FOUR (340)

BY BRACK CURRY

GENEVA, MAY 15 (AP)-SKIRMISHING BY THE RIVAL GERMAN DELEGATIONS ON THE SIDELINES OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE IS GETTING ROUGHER.

FELIX VON ECKARDT, THE WEST GERMAN DELEGATION'S SPOKESMAN, CALLED IN NEWSMEN TODAY TO HURL CHARGES OF INSULTING CONDUCT AND HYPOCRISY AT THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANS.

ANGRILY WAVING SOME EAST GERMAN NEWSPAPERS, VON ECKARDT SAID: "EAST GERMANY'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE RELAXATION OF TENSION APPARENTLY CONSISTS OF STEPPING UP ATTACKS AGAINST WEST GERMANY."

THE EAST GERMAN PRESS IS LAMBASTING THE WEST GERMAN DELEGATION HERE FOR ALLEGEDLY BLOCKING THE USE OF GERMAN AS AN OFFICIAL LANAGUAGE OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE.

THE EAST GERMAN DELEGATES APPARENTLY ARE MAD BECAUSE THEY MUST LISTEN TO THE PROCEEDINGS IN A FOREIGN LANGUAGE -- ENGLISH, FRENCH OR RUSSIAN.

THE WEST GERMANS SAY THE QUESTION OF MAKING GERMAN AN OFFICIAL LANGUATE OF THE PARLEY -- WHERE THE TWO GERMAN DELEGATIONS SIT AS OBSERVERS BUT NOT AS EQUAL PARTICIPANTS WITH THE BIG FOUR--HAS NEVER COME UP.

THE EAST GERMAN PRESS, BACKING THE ALLEGATION OF BLOCKAGE, IS USING LANGUAGE SUCH A "WE PIT ON BONN" AND "THE TRAITORS IN BONN." BONN IS THE CAPITAL OF WEST GERMANY.

VON ECKARDT TOLD THE NEWSMEN THAT EAST GERMANY "APPARENTLY IS RUNNING ON TWO TRACKS."

"WHILE ITS DELEGATION HERE EMPLOYS A POLITE TONE," HE SAID, "ITS PRESS AND RADIO ARE TRYING TO INCITE THE EAST ERMAN POPULATION. WE DO NOT INTEND TO FOLLOW A SIMILAR LINE. BUT THIS IS TO SERVE NOTICE THAT WE VERY STRONGLY RESENT THESE ATTACKS."

BUOYED BY STRONG STATEMENTS BY THE BIG THREE MINISTERS AT YESTERDAY'S CONFERENCE THAT THEY DO NOT RECOGNIZE THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT DESPITE THE PRESENCE OF ITS DELEGATION AT THE GENEVA TALKS, VON ECKARDT SERVED NOTICE:

"THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT IN PRINCIPLE IS NOT PREPARED FOR ANY CONTACTS WITH THE EAST GERMAN DELEGATION HERE AS DEMANDED BY BOLZ (THE EAST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER)."

VON ECKARDT CONCEDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS ATTITUDE DEPENDS UPON THE FURTHER COURSE OF THE CONFERENCE.

JF133PED

WITH GENEVA

BERLIN, MAY 15 (AP)-EAST GERMANY'S PARTY BOSS, WALTER ULBRICHT, PREDICTED TODAY THAT THE WESTERN PACKAGE PLAN FOR A GERMAN SETTLEMENT WILL SOON BE SHELVED AND THE FOREIGN MINISTERS WILL GET DOWN TO SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS NEXT WEEK.

THE COMMUNIST LEADER TOLD A YOUTH RALLY IN ROSTOCK THE WESTERN PROPOSALS AT GENEVA REPRESENTED NOTHING LESS THAN A PLAN FOR "STEP-BY-STEP ANNEXATION" OF HIS COUNTRY BY WEST GERMANY.

HIS REMARKS WERE REPORTED BY THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY, ADN. "THE PACKAGE LAID DOWN IN GENEVA BY THE WESTERN POWERS WILL SOON DISAPPEAR INTO THE ARCHIVES, AND WE CAN ASSUME THAT NEGOTIATINS ON A REALISTIC BASIS WILL BEGIN AFTER WHITSUN (MONDAY).

JF151PED NM

A101

(150)

BIG 4 BOX SCORE CONFERENCE ROLLED OFF A LITTLE BETTER THAN THE AMERICANS HAD

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE ANDREW BERDING, OFFICIAL SPOKESMAN FOR THE U. S. DELEGATION, SAID THIS TODAY WHEN ASKED TO ASSESS THE FIRST WEEK OF THE CONFERENCE.

BERDING SAID: "THERE HAD BEEN PROGNOSTICATIONS THAT THE DISCUSSIONS

OVER PROCEDURAL MATTERS--THE ROLE OF THE GERMAN DELEGATIONS AND OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND POLAND--WOULD GO ON LONGER THAN THEY DID. WE HEARD PROGNOSES THAT THESE WOULD TAKE UP THE WHOLE WEEK."

THE ROLE OF THE RIVAL GERMAN DELEGATIONS AS ADVISER-OBSERVERS AND NOT AS FULL PARTICIPANTS WAS SETTLED. THE SOVIET PLAN TO ADMIT POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA TO THE CONFERENCE WAS SHELVED ON THE DITTERS OF THE SOURCE OF THE FUTURE OF WEDNESDAY, LEAVING TWO FULL DAYS FOR DISCUSSION OF THE FUTURE OF

BUT THE WRANGLE OVER ADMITTING THE TWO COMMUNIST STATES IS ALMOST CERTAIN TO COME UP AGAIN. THE RUSSIANS SAID TONIGHT TEY WILL PRESS THE ISSUE SOON. JE852PED

A142

GENEVA, MAY 15 (AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER HAS
TOLD SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IS
OUT OF THE QUESTION UNLESS THE FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING HERE MAKES
DEFINITE PROGRESS TOWARD NARROWING EAST-WEST DIFFERENCES.
HERTER SPOKE WITH GROMYKO AT A PRIVATE DINNER GIVEN LAST NIGHT
BY BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD. INFORMANTS SAID HE SOUGHT TO IMPRESS UPON THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER THAT SO FAR AS THE UNITED STATES IS CONCERNED AGREEMENT ON A SUMMIT SESSION WILL NOT BE AUTOMATE IN HIS OPENING SPEECH TO THE CONFERENCE WEDNESDAY HERTER SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS THREE OBJECTIVES IN GENEVA: TO REACH POSITIVE AGREEMENTS, TO NARROW EAST-WEST DIFFERENCES, AND TO PREPARE "CONSTRUCTIVE PROPOSALS" FOR A POSSIBLE SUMMIT CONFERENCE. 30.24-7089

THE UNITED STATES IS READY TO GO TO A HEADS-OF-GOVERNMENT MEETING, HE SAID, IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CAN MAKE "SATISFACTORY PROGRESS."
IN HIS TALK WIZVISCYKO LAST NIGHT

HE SAID, IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CAN MAKE "SATISFACTORY PROGRESS."
IN HIS TALK WITH GROMYKO LAST NIGHT HE EMPHASIZED THAT HE MEANT

THIS QUITE LITERALLY.

U.S. OFFICIALS SAID THEY RECOGNIZE THAT IT MAY NOT BE
POSSIBLE TO GET "POSITIVE AGREEMENTS" HERE BUT THEY CONSIDER IT
ESSENTIAL TO NARROW DIFFERENCES AND IMPROVE UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN RB1140AED

AMS BUDGET (700) BRITISH-SOVIET (INTERPRETIVE)

GENEVA. MAY 15 (AP)-BRITAIN'S WOULD-BE ROLE OF CONCILIATOR BETWEEN THE WEST AND RUSSIA WAS REPORTED TONIGHT TO BE DEEPLY DISTURBING FRENCH AND OTHER DIPLOMATS AT THIS FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE.

CONSIDERABLE MYSTIFICATION IS BEING EXPRESSED PRIVATELY BY THESE OFFICIALS, WHO CLAIM TO HAVE NOTED SOME UNUSUAL ACTIVITIES ON THE PART OF FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD'S DELEGATION.

SOME OF THE WESTERN HEAD-SHAKING HAS COME TO THE ATTENTION OF THE BRITISH TEAM. BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

BRITISH TEAM. IN PARTICULAR, LLOYD AND HIS ADVISERS HAVE BEEN INFURIATED BY A PUBLISHED REPORT SUGGESTING THAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA ACTUALLYHAVE GONE SO FAR AS TO CONCLUDE A SECRET POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC DEAL IN THE

MIDST OF THE BERLIN CRISIS. BUT BRITISH SPOKESMEN REFUSE TO COMMENT ON THE SUGGESTION. THEY DECLINE EVEN TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE EXISTENCE OF ANY FEELING OF UNEASINESS ABOUT THE NATURE OF THEIR POLITICAL ROLE HERE.

IT IS KNOWN THAT LLOYD HIMSELF--AFTER CONSULTING WITH LONDON-ORDERED THAT NO COMMENT BE OFFERED ON THE REPORTS.

NO ALLIED DIPLOMAT GOES SO FAR AS TO SAY BRITAIN HAS ACTED, IS ACTING, OR INTENDS TO ACT IN A WAY THAT COULD EXPOSE HER TO CHARGES

OF DISLOYALTY.

NONETHELESS, AN ATMOSPHERE OF MISTRUST AND CONCERN IS BUILDING UP.
IN A SENSE IT SEEMS TO BE A BYPRODUCT OF A NUMBER OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL
DEVELOPMENTS THAT CAME IN THE WAKE OF PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S JOURNEY TO MOSCOW LAST FEBRUARY AND MARCH.

THE PICTURE BEING CIRCULATED COVERS BRITISH MOVES BEFORE AND DURING THE CURRENT FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS.

BEFORE THE CONFERENCE:

1. FRENCH OFFICIALS SAID "SECRET BUT RELIABLE" REPORTS HAVE
REACHED THEIR GOVERNMENT THAT BRITAIN HAS PROVISIONALLY PROMISED RUSSIA A BIG LOAN TO BOOST TRADE. THE REPORTS SUGGESTED SOVIET
PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, FOR HIS PART, PLEDGED IN MOSCOW THAT
COMMUNISTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST WOULD LAY OFF BRITISH OIL INTERESTS.
THE INFORMANTS STRESSED THESE REPORTS ARE "NOT PROVEN", BUT THEY
SAY THEY REGARD THEM AS SUFFICIENTLY DISTURBING TO WARRANT SOME SORT OF CHECK. THE BRITISH SCORN TO ANSWER.

2. WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER ASSERTED TO MACMILLAN IN BONN LAST MARCH 12 OR 13 HIS JOURNEY TO MOSCOW HAD WEAKENED THE WESTERN ALLIANCE. HE SUGGESTED MACMILLAN COULD HAVE ACHIEVED IN TWO DAYS WHAT HE HAD GOT FROM KHRUSHCHEV IN 10--AND REAPED THE SAME DOMESTIC ELECTORAL ADVANTAGES. AND HE CLAIMED THE DAY HAD PASSED WHEN A BRITISH LEADER COULD TRAVEL TO MOSCOW TO TALK ABOUT GERMANY'S FUTURE WITHOUT THE SAY-SO OF THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT. MACMILLAN'S REBUTTAL HAS NOT BEEN PUT INTO THE PICTURE BUT ADENAUER HAS SINCE DECLARED HE HAS NO HOSTILITY TOWARD BRITAIN.

J. LLOYD'S INTERVENTIONS HAVE BEEN MARKED BY WHAT HIS COLLEAGUES SEE AS AN UNDUE SOFTNESS TOWARD SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AND RUSSIAN POLICIES. THERE IS NO SUGGESTION THAT BRITAIN'S OWN POLICY HAS CHANGED. BUT FIRMER BRITISH SPEECHES WOULD BE PREFERRED. LLOYD COULD RETORT HE IS JUST PRACTICING GOOD DIPLOMACY IN A FLEXIBLE FASHION.

4. FRENCH, AND TO A LESSER EXTENT AMERICAN, OFFICIALS PROFESS
TO BE PUZZLED BY WHAT THEY REGARD AS OVER-FREQUENT CONTACT BETWEEN
ONE OR TWO HIGH BRITISH AND SOVIET OFFICIALS. THEY ALSO HAVE DETECTED
WHAT THEY SEE AS A BRITISH TENDENCY TO CONCEDE POINTS TO THE RUSSIANS
--POINTS OF PROCEDURE THAT COULD BECOME POINTS OF POLITICAL
SUBSTANCE. THE BRITISH COULD ARGUE THEY WERE FAITHFULLY REPRESENTING
WESTERN INTEREST. IN VEFPING THE CHANNELS OF NECOTIATIONS WITH WESTERN INTERESTS IN KEEPING THE CHANNELS OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA OPEN.

AMONG ILLUSTRATIONS CITED BY INFORMANTS THE FOLLOWING STANDS OUT:

AMONG ILLUSTRATIONS CITED BY INFORMANTS THE FOLLOWING STANDS OUT:
GROMYKO LAST NIGHT PLUNGED THE CONFERENCE HERE INTO A STATE OF
UNCERTAINTY WITH HIS ELEVENTH-HOUR DEMAND FOR FULL PARTICIPATION
RIGHTS FOR THE PUPPET EAST GERMAN REGIME. LLOYD OFFERED TO SEE THE
RUSSIANS, AS FIRST-DAY CHAIRMAN OF THE CONFERENCE.
THE OUTCOME WAS THAT EAST AND WEST GERMANS WERE ACCORDED ADVISER
STATUS BUT WITH A LIMITED RIGHT TO SPEAK. THE FRENCH TOOK THIS
AS AN IMPORTANT REVERSE. THEY CLAIM IT COULD HAVE BEEN AVOIDED IF
LLOYD HAD BEEN TOUGHER. THE BRITISH SAY THAT AT ONE POINT LLOYD
ACTUALLY WARNED GROMYKO THERE WOULD BE NO CONFERENCE AT ALL IF HE
PRESSED HIS DEMAND.

PRESSED HIS DEMAND. A LOT OF THE CURRENT MISTRUST AND SUSPICION CAN BE TRACED BACK TO OLD FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN RESENTMENTS THAT BRITAIN ENJOYS
A SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE UNITED STATES. SOME FLOWS FROM THE
NEW RADICALISM THAT MARKED BRITISH POLITICIES SINCE MACMILLAN
DECLARD FOR THE CORRESPONDED. DECIDED TO VISIT KHRUSHCHEV. A LOT IS JUST PLAIN, OLD-FASHIONED

ANTI-BRITISH GOSSIP.

BUT SOME OF THE TROUBLE CLEARLY IS THE RESULT OF SUCH CIRCUMSTANTIAL FACTORS AS THESE:

THE FACT THAT BRITAIN REALLY IS CONSIDERING SOME SORT OF TRADE CREDIT ARRANGEMENTS FOR RUSSIA; THE PRESENCE OF A BRITISH TRADE MISSION IN MOSCOW NOW; THE BRITISH DECISION TO SUPPLY NEW ARMS TO COMMUNISTED THE PROCESS THE ACCUMANCE THE PROCESS THE COMMUNISTED THE PROCESS THE PROCESS THE COMMUNISTED THE PROCESS THE COMMUNIST-INFLUENCED TRAQ; THE ASSURANCES THE IRAQ PETROLEUM CO. HAS WON FROM IRAQ THAT ITS INVESTMENTS ARE SAFE FROM SEIZURE OR NATIONALIZATION IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

K-HW407PED

A2 (SHORTS FW) PMS BUDGET (380) DISENGAGEMENT (INTERPRETIVE) BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

GENEVA, MAY 15 (AP)--THE WEST'S PLAN FOR A GERMAN SETTLEMENT WITH RUSSIA DILUTED AND ALL BUT DISSOLVED BRITAIN'S PET PROJECT FOR A ZONE OF REDUCED TENSION IN MID-EUROPE.

THIS WAS THE PROJECT BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN "SOLD" TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW 11 WEEKS AGO. IT WOULD REDUCE ARMS AND ARMIES -- WITH INSPECTIONS TO INSURE COMPLIANCE -- IN AN AREA ROUGHLY COVERING THE THE CERMANYS. POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA. ROUGHLY COVERING THE TWO GERMANYS, POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA.
THE ARMIES IN THE ZONE STRADDLING THE IRON CURTAIN WOULD GRADUALLY

BE REDUCED FURTHER. IF THE PLAN WORKED WELL, THE AGREEMENT COULD BE EXTENDED TO OTHER COUNTRIES.

WHEN MACMILLAN RETURNED FROM MOSCOW, HE WAS SHOCKED TO DISCOVER THAT SOME OF HIS WESTERN PARTNERS WERE FURIOUS AT HIS IDEA. FRENCH PRESIDENT DE GAULLE SUSPECTED THE SCHEME AS BEING

CAMOUFLAGED "DISENGAGEMENT." WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER BLUNTLY SUGGESTED MACMILLAN WENT TO MOSCOW TO CATCH VOTES FOR THE BRITISH ELECTION DUE WITHIN A

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DISPLAYED A CERTAIN COOLNESS TO THE PROPOSAL. ACCORDINGLY, THE BRITISH PROPOSALS WERE MODIFIED TO A POINT OF SEEMING WORTHLESSNESS TO THE RUSSIANS. THE SCHEME IS NOW TIED IN TO THE WEST'S PACKAGE PLAN FOR GRADUAL REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY.

THE WEST SUGGESTS THAT BEFORE UNIFICATION THE BIG FOUR SWAP INFORMATION ABOUT THEIR FORCES IN "AGREED AREAS" OF EUROPE AND INSTALL INSPECTION AND CONTROL MECHANISMS, BUT TAKE NO PRECISE ACTION TO LIMIT FORCES.

OF THE IRON CURTAIN OVER AREAS "OF COMPARABLE SIZE, DEPTH AND IMPORTANCE. HERE NATIONAL AND FOREIGN FORCES WOULD BE LIMITED IN NUMBER.

THE BRITISH ARE CONVINCED ALL THIS HAS BEEN MADE ACADEMIC BECAUSE RUSSIA IS BOUND TO REJECT ITS LINKS WITH GERMAN UNIFICATION. BUT THE BRITISH REPORTEDLY HAVE NOT LOST HOPE OF REVIVING MACMILLAN'S IDEA.

THEY REMAIN CONVINCED AN EAST-WEST ZONE OF REDUCED TENSION COULD BECOME A STARTING POINT FOR BETTER EAST-WEST RELATIONS.

THE BEST INFORMATION HERE SUGGESTS MACMILLAN AND BRITISH FOREIGN

SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD CONSIDER THE SCHEME MAY YET BE PULLED OUT OF THE WESTERN PACKAGE FOR NEGOTIATION WITH THE RUSSIANS.

THIS PRESUMABLY WOULD HAPPEN AFTER THE SOVIETS GAVE THEIR EXPECTED REJECTION OF THE WESTERN PLAN.

SOMETIME BEFORE THE PROPOSED SUMMIT TALKS THE BRITISH MAY BE EXPECTED TO PRESS THEIR ALLIES ANEW TO RECONSIDER THE IDEA OF A SEPARATE ACCORD FOR ARMS LIMITATION IN MID-EUROPE. R214AED

PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS (300) COUVE DE MURVILLE

BY ULYS YATES PARIS, MAY 15 (AP)-BEFORE MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE BECAME FRANCE'S FOREIGN MINISTERS, HE GOT HIS BIGGEST PRESS NOTICES AFTER LOSING HIS PASSPORT AND LETTERS OF ACCREDITATION WHILE EN ROUTE TO TAKE UP HIS POST AS FRENCH AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1955.

THE INCIDENT MAY NOT DEMONSTRATE HIS GENERALLY ACKNOWLEDGED BRILLIANCE, BUT HIS SUDDEN APPEARANCE IN THE PRESS ONLY ACCENTED HIS MODESTY IN STAYING OUT OF THE HEADLINES THROUGH YEARS AS A MEMBER OF THE TOP GOVERNMENT ECHELON IN FRANCE.

MODESTY IN STAYING OUT OF THE HEADLINES THROUGH YEARS AS A MEMBER OF THE TOP GOVERNMENT ECHELON IN FRANCE.

MUCH OF COUVE DE MURVILLE'S REPUTATION FOR SHUNNING THE SPOTLIGHT ARISES FROM THE FACT THAT HE CONSIDERS HIMSELF A PUBLIC SERVANT. HE AVOIDED THE NOISY POLITICAL SQUABBLES WHICH WERE A PART OF FRENCH PUBLIC LIFE UNTIL GEN. CHARLES DE GAULLE RETURNED TO POWER A YEAR AGO. THIS, PLUS HIS KEEN MIND AND DETACHED MANNER, MADE HIM A BEHIND-THE-SCENES ARBITRATOR IN THE FRENCH POLITICAL WARS.

HE WILL NEED THIS TALENT AT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN GENEVA, WHERE FRANCE HAS EXPRESSED LESS FAITH THAN ANY OF THE OTHER WESTERN ALLIES IN NEGOTIATING WITH THE RUSSIANS.

COUVE DE MURVILLE (PRONOUNCED KOOV-DUH-MURH-VEEL') WAS BORN OF AN OLD PROTESTANT FAMILY IN REIMS ON JAN. 24, 1907. HE EARNED A DOCTORATE IN LAW, AND ANOTHER IN LETTERS, FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF PARIS, THEN ENTERED THE SCHOOL OF POLITICAL SCIENCE AND CAME OUT FIRST IN HIS CLASS.

COUVE, AS HE IS KNOWN IN GOVERNMENT CIRCLES, THEN BEGAN A CAREER IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE THAT HAS LASTED ALL HIS ADULT LIFE. HE BEGAN AT THE AGE OF 23 AS A MEMBER OF THE ELITE CORPS OF INSPECTORS OF FINANCE. THERE HE GAINED A REPUTATION FOR FLEXIBILITY AND DURING WORLD WAR II COUVE DE MURVILLE ESCAPED TO ENGLAND AND JOINED AIDE FOR THE REST OF THE WAR.

DIPLOMATIC POST TO ANOTHER, DEPENDING ON HOW HE STOOD WITH THE CURRENT FRENCH PREMIER.

BONN. HE POPPED UP AS AMBASSADOR IN ROME, CAIRO, WASHINGTON AND ATTRACTED LYPED UP AS ADVISOR AT MANY POSTWAR CONFERENCES, BUT ATTRACTED LITTLE ATTENTION UNTIL DE GAULLE CAME TO POWER.

COUVE DE MURVILLE WAS SERVING AS AMBASSADOR TO BONN LAST JUNE 1
WHEN HE WAS NAMED FOREIGN MINISTER, A JOB GENERALLY RESERVED FOR TOP
POLITICIANS UNDER THE OLD FOURTH FRENCH REPUBLIC. HE GOT THE NEWS WHILE PLAYING GOLF AT COLOGNE. SOME PEOPLE SAY HE IS ALOOF AND RATHER COLD. BUT NEWSMEN FIND HIM PATIENT AND WITH A NICE SENSE OF HUMOR. HE DISLIKES FORMALITY AND PROTOCOL, AND PREFERS CASUAL TWEEDY DRESS. HANDSOME AND WAVY-HAIRED, HE BEARS A STRIKING RESEMBLANCE TO ACTOR JOSEPH COTTEN.
HE IS MARRIED TO THE FORMER JACQUELINE SCHWEISGUTH, A JOURNALIST AND PAINTER. THEY HAVE THREE DAUGHTERS, ALL MARRIED. IN ADDITION TO GOLF, COUVE DE MURVILLE LIKES GOOD BOOKS AND AN OCCASIONAL ROUND OF DA519PED A129 WA (190) STOOGES LANGLEY AIR FORCE BASE, VA., MAY 15 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S ADVISERS AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE AS KREMLIN STOOGES. HUGH S. CUMMING JR. SAID TWO OF THE ADVISERS ARE ACTUALLY RUSSIAN CITIZENS WHILE A THIRD IS SOVIET-EDUCATED AND MARRIED TO A RUSSIAN FESTLY CAST IN THE ROLE OF WINDOW DRESSING AND VERY SELDOM HEARD FROM, CUMMING SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR AN ARMED FORCES DAY BANQUET.

CUMMING DID NOT NAME THE ADVIERS, BUT HE WAS KNOWN TO HAVE IN MIND

DR. LOTHAR BOLZ AND OTTO WINZER AS THE TWO SOVIET CITIZENS. THE THIRD

WAS IDENTIFIED AS PETER FLORIN AND THE FOURTH AS DR. HEINRICH TOEPLITZ. THE STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL, HEAD OF THE BUREAU OF INTELLIGENCE AND RESEARCH, DISCUSSED THE EAT GERMAN DELEGATION IN STRESSING WHY THE UNITED STATES IS STANDING FIRM AGAINST RECOGNIZING THE EAST GERMAN RE-THE RUSSIANS SUCCEEDED IN GETTING THE EAST GERMANS IN ON THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AS ADVISERS, BUT FAILED IN A BID TO MAKE THEM FULL PARTICIPANTS. CUMMING ASKED HOW SUCH MEN AS THE PRINCIPAL EAST GERMAN ADVISERS CAN PROFESS TO REPRESENT THE HOPES OF THEIR PEOPLE.

"THE OBVIOUS ANSWER IS THAT THEY DON'T," HE SAID. "WHAT THEY DO REPRESENT IS A CREDO OF MOSCOW AND ALLEGIANCE NOT TO THE GERMAN PEOPLE BUT AN ALLEGIANCE TO COMMUNISM AND TO THE KREMLIN." CR1026PE A149 (220) LONDON, MAY 15 (AP)-RADIO MOSCOW SAID TONIGHT THE SOVIET UNION HOPES TO PAVE THE WAY FOR A GENERAL AGREEMENT TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPON TEST WITH A NEW PROPOSAL ON INSPECTION SYSTEMS.

THE BROADCAST QUOTED SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO AS SAYING THE SOVIET DELEGATION AT THE GENEVA NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SUBMIT THE PROPOSALS. HE SAID THE PROPOSALS ARE "ON THE QUESTION OF SENDING INSPECTION TEAMS FOR ON-THE-SPOT INVESTIGATIONS OF SUSPECTED NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS."
GROMYKO, IN A MESSAGE TO A EUROPEAN PARLIAMENTARY BODY, SAID IF WESTERN PARTICIPANTS IN THE GENEVA NUCLEAR TALKS SUPPORTED THE

PROPOSAL "THIS WOULD PAVE THE WAY FOR AN AGREEMENT TO END

NUCLEAR TESTS OF ALL KINDS. . . . THE BROADCAST SAID GROMYKO'S MESSAGE WAS SENT IN REPLY TO AN APPEAL FROM THE COUNCIL OF THE INTER-PARLIAMENTARY UNION. THE SOVIET PROPOSAL, GROMYKO SAID, "TOOK INTO ACCOUNT THE CONSIDERATIONS SET FORTH" BY BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN DURING HIS RECENT TALKS WITH KREMLIN LEADERS.

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IT WAS DISCLOSED RECENTLY THAT MACMILLAN SUGGESTED TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV THAT A LIMIT BE SET ON THE NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS BY INTERNATIONAL TEAMS POLICING A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

DISAGREEMENT OVER INSPECTION SYSTEM HAS BEEN THE MAIN STUMBLING BLOCK IN THE LONG EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA. THE TALKS NOW ARE IN RECESS UNTIL JUNE 8.

Z1121PED

(360) NUCLEAR TEST BAN WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THOMAS E. MURRAY, FORMER MEMBER OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, SAID TODAY RUSSIAN ACCEPTANCE OF THE LATEST U. S. NUCLEAR TEST BAN PROPOSAL WOULD BE "THE WORST THING THAT CAN HAPPEN."

MURRAY, NOW A CONSULTANT TO THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, PROPOSED IN A MEMORANDUM THAT THIS COUNTRY END ITS CURRENT SUSPENSION OF ATOMIC MEAPONS TESTING.

TESTING CAN BE RESUMED IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE ATMOSPHERE WILL NOT

BE POLLUTED BY RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT, MURRAY SAID. HE ARGUED THAT IT
COULD BE JUSTIFIED IN A COURT OF WORLD OPINION.

MURRAY INSISTED THAT TESTING MUST BE STARTED AGAIN BECAUSE THE PROBLEM OF DEVELOPING LIMITED NUCLEAR WEAPONS WHICH WOULD STRIKE ONLY AT

MILITARY OBJECTIVES HAS NOT BEEN SOLVED.

"HAS THE U. S. PERMANENTLY GIVEN UP ITS PROGRAM DESIGNED TO LIMIT NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND MAKE THEM SUITABLE FOR PROPERLY MILITARY USES?"

MURRAY ASKED. HE CALLED THE BIG BOMB "SIMPLY INSTRUMENTS OF INDISCRIMINATE MAS-

MURRAY, A DEMOCRAT, WAS DROPPED FROM THE AEC BY EISENHOWER IN 1957.
THE CONGRESSIONAL CONSULTANT SAID THAT IN THE PRESIDENT'S APRIL 13
LETTER TO PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV ON THE GENEVA NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS, "THE ADMINISTRATION FINALLY REACHED A REALISTIC POSITION. IN THAT LETTER, EISENHOWER PROPOSED A PACT TO SUSPEND ALL TESTS WITH-30 MILES OF THE EARTH, THOSE WHICH WOULD CONTAMINATE THE ATMO-

EISENHOWER WROTE THAT NEGOTIATIONS THEN MIGHT CONTINUE FURTHER TO BAN

UNDERGROUND AND OUTER SPACE TESTS. HOWEVER, MURRAY SAID EISENHOWER THEN WROTE ANOTHER LETTER TO KHRUSH-CHEV EMBRACING AN IDEA OF PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN OF GREAT BRITAIN THAT A TEST BAN AGREEMENT BE REACHED TO BE POLICED BY A LIMITED NUMBER OF PREDETERMINED ANNUAL INSPECTIONS.

IN STORIES FROM GENEVA LAST SATURDAY. IT-WAS REPORTED THAT AN EISEN-HOWER LETTER PROMISED TO GIVE CLOSE STUDY TO THE LIMITED INSPECTION

PROPOSAL. MURRAY SAID THAT IN THIS LETTER EISENHOWER EMBRACED THE MACMILLAN IDEA "AND PUT HIS OWN PROPOSAL OF APRIL 13 INTO SECOND PLACE."

"THE WORST THING THAT CAN NOW HAPPEN." SAID THE MEMORANDUM, "IS
THAT MR. KHRUSHCHEV WILL ACCEPT THE FIRST (LIMITED INSPECTION) PROPOSAL MADE BY THE PRESIDENT IN THIS LATEST LETTER.

SUCH AN AGREEMENT WOULD PUT A PERMANENT STOP TO ALL U. S. NUCLEAR TS BUT NOT NECESSARILY TO SOVIET TESTS BECAUSE RUSSIA COULD VERY EASILY EVADE A SYSTEM OF ONLY OCCASIONAL INSPECTIONS, MURRAY ASSERTED.

A159WX (850) ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 P.M. EST SATURDAY, MAY 16--NULE DALE ATOM SMASHERS BY FRANK CAREY ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER (ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 16 (AP)-A CALL WENT UP TODAY FOR THE GOVERNMENT TO INCREASE VASTLY ITS SUPPORT AND DEVELOPMENT OF GIANT ATOM-SMASHING MACHINES HOLDING PROMISE OF YIELDING "NUMEROUS AND FANTASTIC" RESULTS. BY 1963, IT WAS STATED, THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD MORE THAN DOUBLE ITS PRESENT SUPPORT OF RESEARCH WITH SUCH DEVICES. THESE ARE USED TO EXPLORE THE SUBATOMIC WORLD AS A PART OF RESEARCH WHICH ALREADY HAS "HAD PROFOUND EFFECTS UPON OUR TECHNOLOGY, OUR NATIONAL SECURITY, AND EVEN OUR DAILY LIVING. THE URGENT CALL, AND REASONS FOR IT, CAME FROM A GROUP OF SCIENTISTS REPRESENTING TWO OF THE NATION'S MOST POWERFUL SCIENCE ADVISORY THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS WOULD MEAN UPPING FROM 59 MILLION DOLLARS TO 135 MILLION THE NATION'S PRESENT ANNUAL OUTLAY FOR ATOM-SMASHERS, ALSO KNOWN AS PARTICLE ACCELERATORS.

THESE MACHINES ARE SCIENCE'S HEAVY ARTILLERY FOR EXPLORING THE BASIC NATURE OF MATTER OF WHICH THE WHOLE UNIVERSE IS COMPOSED. CALLING FOR AT LEAST TWO LARGER MACHINES THAN THE NATION NOW HAS--INCLUDING ONE THAT WOULD BE TWO MILES LONG--THE GROUP DECLARED: "THE PRACTICAL RESULTS THAT MUST DERIVE FROM CONTINUED EXPLORA-TION WITH LARGER ACCELERATORS CAN NOT BE GUESSED. IF THE PAST IS A GUIDE THEY WILL BE NUMEROUS AND FANTASTIC. THE ONE THING WE HAVE LEARNED TO EXPECT FROM NATURE IS TO BE SURPRISED.

THE PROPOSAL WAS MADE BY A SPECIAL PANEL APPOINTED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCIENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND THE GENERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION. THE RELEASE BY THE WHITE HOUSE OF TWO 4,000-WORD REPORTS BY THE GROUP CAME TWO DAYS AFTER PRESIDENT EISENHOVER IN A NEW YORK SPEECH STRONGLY BACKED ONE OF THE DETAILED PROPOSALS CONTAINED IN THE REPORT. THIS RECOMMENDATION WAS THAT THE UNITED STATES FOOT THE BILL FOR A PROJECT PROPOSED BY STANFORD UNIVERSITY--THE BUILDING OF A 100 MILLION DOLLAR, TWO-MILE-LONG LINEAR ACCELERATOR. THIS DEVICE WOULD BE THE WORLD'S MOST POWERFUL VERSION OF THIS PARTICULAR TYPE OF ATOM-SMASHER, WITH AN ULTIMATE DESIGNED ATOM-SMASHING CAPABILITY OF 45 BILLION ELECTRON VOLTS. ATOM-SMASHING MACHINES SPEED UP ATOMIC AND SUBATOMIC PARTICLES OR "BULLETS" TO ENERGIES OF MILLIONS AND BILLIONS OF VOLTS--AND SEND THEM SMASHING AGAINST TARGETS MADE UP OF VARIOUS CHEMICALS. THE POWERFUL BULLETS INVADE THE NUCLEI, OR HEARTS OF ATOMS, BREAKING THEM INTO EVEN SMALLETS INVADE THE NUCLEI, OR HEARTS OF ATOMS, BREAKING THEM INTO EVEN SMALLER FRAGMENTS. SOME ATOM-SMASHERS ACCELERATE PARTICLES IN CIRCLES--AND THESE ARE OF THE CYCLOTRON TYPE. OTHERS, CALLED LINEAR ACCELERATORS, ACCELERATE THE PROJECTILES IN A STRAIGHT LINE.

FROM SUCH RESEARCH SCIENTISTS ARE STEADILY ADDING TO THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF THE INNERMOST SECRETS OF MATTER, INCLUDING THE TITANIC FORCES THAT HOLD THE ATOM TOGETHER, AND THE "ELEMENTARY PARTICLES" CONTAINED IN THE NUCLEUS.

CONTAINED IN THE NUCLEUS.

WITH MORE ENERGY FOR A GIVEN AMOUNT OF MATERIAL.

REFERENCES TO THE FUTURE POTENTIALITIES OF ATOM-SMASHER RESEARCH, BUT

TREMENDOUS ENERGY CONTAINED IN THE NUCLEUS IS RELEASED.

THUS, ONE OF THE MAIN INTERESTS IN ATOM-SMASHER RESEARCH IS TO FIND OUT MORE AND MORE ABOUT THE STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION OF THE ATOMIC NUCLEUS--AN UNDERSTANDING WHICH MIGHT, IN TURN, LEAD TO MEANS OF FURTHER UNLOCKING THE ENERGY IT CONTAINS.

AND THIS COULD MEAN IMPOUNDED APPLICATIONS WHEREVER AND HOWEVER AND THIS COULD MEAN IMPROVED APPLICATIONS WHEREVER AND HOWEVER ATOMIC ENERGY IS USED-WHETHER FOR PEACEFUL PURSUITS, SUCH AS A CHEAPER MEANS OF ATOMIC POWER, OR FOR MILITARY AIMS, SUCH AS NUCLEAR BOMBS WITH MODE ENERGY IS THE ADVISORY GROUP MAKING TODAY'S REPORT MADE NO SUCH SPECIFIC

OTHER SCIENTISTS HAVE DONE SO IN THE PAST.
HOWEVER, TODAY'S REPORT, POINTING TO PAST ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN THE FIELD, DECLARED:

"EVEN IN RECENT DECADES WE HAVE WITNESSED ENORMOUS APPLICATION
OF DISCOVERIES MERELY INCIDENTAL TO RESEARCH IN ELEMENTARY-PARTICLE
PHYSICS: ISOTOPES, NUCLEAR FISSION AND POWER, MEDICAL THERAPY WITH
HIGH-ENERGY BEAMS, A STEP TOWARD CONTROLLED THERMONUCLEAR POWER--A
LIST THAT CONTINUES TO GROW RAPIDLY." THE REPORT'S ONLY DIRECT REFERENCE TO POSSIBLE MILITARY APPLICATIONS OF STEPPED-UP RESEARCH IN THE ATOM-SMASHER FIELD WAS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROPOSAL FOR THE BIG LINEAR REACTOR AT STANFORD.

"BECAUSE OF ITS DEPENDENCE ON ADVANCED MICROWAVE TECHNOLOGY," THE REPORT SAID. "THIS (STANFORD) PROPOSAL SHOULD BE OF PARTICULAR RELEVANCE TO THE INTERESTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE."

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE PRESIDENT'S SCIENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE TOLD A REPORTER THE STATEMENT MEANT THAT:

A KEY PART OF THE STANFORD ACCELERATOR WOULD BE KYLSTRON TUBES WHICH
EMIT RADIOWAVES OF EXTREMELY SHORT WAVE-LENGTHS. IN THE ACCELERATOR,
THESE TUBES WOULD BE USED TO SPEED UP ELECTRON BULLETS. BUT SUCH TUBES
ARE ALSO EMPLOYED IN MILITARY RADAR SETS. THUS, THE SPOKESMAN SAID,
USE OF SUCH TUBES IN THE PROPOSED GIANT STANFORD DEVICE CONCEIVABLY MIGHT LEAD TO FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS IN SUCH TUBES, WITH CORRESPONDING BENEFITS TO MILITARY RADAR. IN SETTING THE STAGE FOR ITS RECOMMENDATIONS, THE GROUP OF SCIENTISTS *EXPERIMENTATION IN HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS REQUIRES EXPENSIVE DEVICES TO ACCELERATE PARTICLES TO THE DESIRED ENERGY, EXPENSIVE INSTRUMENTS TO MEASURE AND CONTROL PARTICLES TRAVELLING AT SPEEDS APPROACHING THE VELOCITY OF LIGHT (186,000 MILES A SECOND) AND LARGE NUMBERS OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL. THUS, NOT ONLY THE CONSTRUCTION OF THESE HIGH-ENERGY PHYSICS
ACCELERATORS, BUT ALSO THEIR UTILIZATION REQUIRE THE EXPENDITURE OF
LARGE SUMS OF MONEY. THE UNITED STATES NOW HAS 15 HIGH-ENERGY ACCELERATORS
IN OPERATION WITH ENERGIES ABOVE 200 MILLION ELECTRON VOLTS-THE
BIGGEST BEING ONE HAVING AN ENERGY OF 6.2 BILLION ELECTRON VOLTS (BEV.) FOUR ADDITIONAL ONES ARE UNDER CONSTRUCTION, THE MOST POWERFUL BEING ONE OF 25 TO 30 BEV. END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 P.M. EST SATURDAY MAY 16; MOVED MAY 15 A28KX (FA) (WEST OUT) (320) WITH BUDGET (320) BY RENNIE TAYLO BY RENNIE TAYLOR ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 15 (AP)-A 100-MILLION DOLLAR SCIENTIFIC MONSTER TO MAKE THE GREATEST ASSAULT EVER ON THE ATOM WILL BE AMERICA'S NEXT ENTRY IN THE FIELD OF NUCLEAR RESEARCH.

IT WILL BE BY FAR THE MOST POWERFUL THING OF ITS KIND, ALTHOUGH SOVIET RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS ARE WORKING ON PLANS FOR AN INSTRUMENT SOMETHING LIKE IT. THE AMERICAN MACHINE WILL BE TWO MILES LONG. ONE OF ITS BIGGEST TASKS WILL BE TO "SEE" A SPECK OR A SPACE ONE HUNDRED-THOUSANDTH OF A PLANS FOR THE AWESOME GADGET WERE SET IN MOTION IN NEW YORK I LAST NIGHT BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, WHO SAID IT WOULD BE USED TO HELP PRESERVE THIS COUNTRY'S FREEDOM IN THE NUCLEAR AGE.

WITH CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL, THE INSTRUMENT, AN ELECTRON LINEAR ACCELERATOR, WILL BE BUILT AT STANFORD UNIVERSITY. FINANCED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, IT WILL BE A NATIONAL FACILITY, OPEN TO USE BY ANY QUALIFIED AMERICAN SCIENTIST WHO MAY HAVE A PROBLEM WHOSE SOLUTION WOULD HELP TO EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF MATTER WHOSE SOLUTION WOULD HELP TO EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF MATTER.

AFTER THE PRESIDENT MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT. IN A NEWS CONFERENCE THEY EXPRESSED HOPES OF GETTING CONTRACTS SIGNED WITHIN A YEAR AND SAID THE MACHINE PROBABLY WOULD BE OPERATING IN SIX YEARS.

DR.W.K.H.PANOFSKY, DIRECTOR OF THE STANFORD LABORATORY WHERE THE PROTOTYPE OF THE BIG MACHINE NOW IS OPERATING, SAID THE MORE POWERFUL INSTRUMENT IS NEEDED TO DETERMINE HOW PARTICLES MORE POWERFUL INSTRUMENT IS NEEDED TO DETERMINE HOW PARTICLES WITHIN THE NUCLEUS OF AN ATOM BEHAVE AT DISTANCES TOO SHORT TO BE OBSERVED BY PRESENT ATOM SMASHERS. THE LINEAR ELECTRON ACCELERATOR IS AN ATOM SMASHER THAT SHOOTS PARTICLES IN A STRAIGHT LINE, RATHER THAN AROUND IN SPIRALS AS DO CYCLOTRONS. THE HIGH SPEED ACCELERATOR BULLETS BREAK UP THE NUCLEUS INTO SOME
30 DIFFERENT KINDS OF PARTICLES. SOME OF THESE FRAGMENTS CHANGE
INTO OTHER PARTICLES, OR PRODUCE FORMS OF ENERGY. ALTHOUGH SCIENTISTS
CAN WORK WONDERS WITH ATOM BOMBS AND OTHER NUCLEAR CONTRIVANCES THEY
STILL DO NOT KNOW EVACUATION THE BOLLEGE STANDS FOR THE PAGE TO THE PAGE STILL DO NOT KNOW EXACTLY THE ROLES PLAYED BY THESE STRANGE FRAGMENTS.

THE EXTREME SHORT-RANGE ABILITIES OF PARTICLES FROM THE NEW

MACHINE ARE EXPECTED TO HELP SOLVE SOME OF THESE MYSTERIES. VR212ACS NM A151WX (200) NIGHT LEAD RADIATION WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-A GOVERNMENT SCIENTIST TODAY TOLD CONGRESS IT MAY TAKE UP TO 300 YEARS TO DETERMINE RELIABLE AND ACCURATE DANGER LIMITS FOR RADIATION. LAURISTON TAYLOR, CHIEF OF ATOMIC RADIATION PHYSICS FOR THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, SAID SCIENCE KNOWS VERY LITTLE ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF RADIATION ON EITHER HUMANS OR ANIMALS. TAYLOR, TESTIFYING BEFORE A SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE ON A BILL TO GIVE THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROTECTION FROM RADIATION, SAID VERY FEW STANDARDS HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED.

BECAUSE THERE ARE WIDE GAPS IN SOME OF THE BASIC INFORMATION NEEDED
TO ESTABLISH STANDARDS, TAYLOR SAID A PROMPT START IS NEEDED ON
STUDIES AIMED AT ESTABLISHING RADIATION DANGER LIMITS.

WE SAID THAT TO ESTABLISH ACCURATE STANDARDS COVERNING GENETIC HE SAID THAT TO ESTABLISH ACCURATE STANDARDS GOVERNING GENETIC INJURY FROM RADIATION WOULD REQUIRE 200 TO 300 YEARS. THIS IS SO, HE SAID, BECAUSE ANY RELIABLE SHOWING OF RADIATION INJURY BEING TRANSMITTED FROM A PARENT TO A CHILD WILL REQUIRE RESEARCH ON SEVERAL HE ALSO TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE IT WOULD TAKE ALMOST AS LONG TO FIX STANDARDS GOVERNING RADIATION DAMAGE TO THE HUMAN BODY ASIDE FROM GENETIC EFFECTS. CZ1125PED A123KX (200)

NIGHT LEAD PLOWSHARE BY RENNIE TAYOR ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 15 (AP)-SCIENTISTS TODAY PROPOSED THAT NUCLEAR BOMBS BE USED IN TRIAL ATTEMPTS TO CONTROL WEATHER, FIGHT HURRICANES AND FRESHEN OCEAN WATER.

BOMBS WITH THE STRENGTH OF 20 MILLION TONS OF THE MIGHT BE USED AS TRIGGERS TO SET OFF IMMENSELY MORE POWERFUL PHYSICAL PROCESSES, THE

THE PROPOSALS WERE MADE AT THE SECOND PLOWSHARE SYMPOSIUM ON THE INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES. IT IS SPONSORED BY INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES. IT IS SPONSORED BY IT IS SPONSOR BY IT IS SPONSOR

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J.W. REED, OF THE SANDIA CORP., SAID THE LARGEST BOMBS MIGHT BE USED TO REDUCE THE VIOLENCE OF STORMS OR DEFLECT THIER COURSES. HE SUGGESTED A SUBMARINE BE USED TO CARRY A BOMB UNDER WATER INTO THE EYE OF A HERRICANE AND EXPLODE IT THERE. THE RESULTING GREAT UPRUSH OF WARM AIR OF THE EYE WOULD PERMIT COLDER AIR TO MOVE INTO THE EYE FROM THE AREA SURROUNDING THE STORM AND REDUCE ITS SIZE. DR. GEORGE C. KENNEDY, OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES, REPORTED A ONE-MILLION TON BOMB PLUS SOME BIG PIPES COULD CONSTITUTE THE MAIN PARTS OF A DEVICE FOR DISTILLING FRESH WATER FROM CONSTITUTE THE MAIN PARTS OF A DEVICE FOR DISTILLING FRESH WATER FROM THE SEA. BJ809PCS

CADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 A.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, FRIDAY, MAY 15)

NUCLEAR (250)
SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 15 (AP)-AN AMAZING ASSORTMENT OF USEFUL EVERYDAY
CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES COULD BE PRODUCED ON A LARGE SCALE AT LOW COST BY
SETTING OFF A NUCLEAR BOMB IN A LIMESTONE CAVE, TWO SCIENTISTS REPORTED TODAY.

A GREAT BURST OF NEUTRONS IN THE BLAST COULD BUILD UP SOME OF THE IMPURITIES IN THE LIMESTONE INTO NUCLEAR FUELS THAT WOULD MORE THAN

PAY FOR THE BOMB, THEY ASSERTED.

THIS WOULD STILL LEAVE AN ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF HEAT WHICH MIGHT
BE RECOVERED TO PRODUCE STEAM-ELECTRIC POWER OR HEAT FOR HOMES AND OFFICE BUILDINGS. AND HUGE QUANTITIES OF THINGS LIKE LIME, ACETYLENE, AMMONIA, PHOSPHOROUS AND INDUSTRIAL ACIDS WOULD REMAIN FOR EASY RECOVERY.

THIS ROSY PICTURE OF BENEFITS FROM THE PEACEFUL ATOM WAS DRAWN IN A PAPER BEFORE THE SECOND PLOWSHARE SYMPOSIUM ON INDUSTRIAL USES OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. THE PAPER WAS GIVEN BY JOHN J. GREBE AND L.J.

THE SYMPOSIUM IS SPONSORED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE LAWRENCE RADIATION LABORATORY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA. FIRST, THE SCIENTISTS SAY, THE BLAST WOULD PULVERIZE SOME OF THE WALL AREA, PRODUING GREAT QUANTITIES OF LIME AND CARBON DIOXIDE. THE

CARBON DIOXIDE COULD ESCAPE TO THE SURFACE THROUGH WELLS TAPPED INTO THE CAVE. THIS CO-2 WOULD BRING A LOT OF LIME WITH IT.

THE CAVE, MADE EXTREMELY HOT BY THE BLAST, WOULD PRODUCE HYDRATED LIME IF WATER WERE POURED INTO IT. BY ADDING SOME CLAY THE OPERATORS WOULD GET MATERIAL TO MAKE CEMENT.

COAL OR COKE DUMPED INTO THE HOT CAVE WOULD PRODUCE CALCIUM CARBO-

NATE. THIS MIXED WITH WATER WOULD PRODUCE ACETYLENE GAS. POUR IN SOME SODIUM OXIDE AND SAND AND THE MESS TURNS INTO GLASS

BECAUSE OF THE CAVE'S HEAT. (END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 A.M., EST, FRIDAY, MAY 15) HW/CC118APD

REYNOLDS, A FORMER ANTHROPOLOGIST AT ANTIOCH COLLEGE, YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO, HAD BEEN DOING RESEARCH ON EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION ON SURVIVORS OF THE A-BOMB WARTIME DROP ON HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI.

REYNOLDS' ATTORNEY, JOSEPH RAUH TERMED THE AEC REGULATION "AN EXAMPLE OF BUREAUCRATIC LAWLESSNESS."

U.S. ATTORNEY LOUIS B. BLISSARD CLAIMED THE AEC HAD AS MUCH RIGHT TO REGULATE TRAVEL THROUGH THE AREA AS A MAYOR OF A CITY HAS TO BLOCK OFF A STREET FOR PURPOSES OF SAFETY.

REYNOLDS, OUT ON PROBATION, WAS PRESENT WITH HIS WIFE FOR THE

ARGUMENTS. THE COURT ALSO WAS SCHEDULED TO HEAR THE APPEAL OF ALBERT SMITH BIGELOW WHO DEFIED A HONOLULU COURT INJUNCTION PROHIBITING HIM FROM

SAILING HIS KETCH, THE GOLDEN RULE, INTO THE A-BOMB AREA.

BIGELOW, 53, OF COS COB, CONN., WAS GIVEN A 60-DAY SENTENCE FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT. SIMILAR SENTENCES WERE GIVEN BY THE COURT AGAINST WILLIAM HUNTINGTON, ST.JAMES, N.Y., GEORGE WILLOUGHBY, OF BLACKWOOD TERACE, N.J., AND ORION SHERWOOD, POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., CREW MEMBERS WHO LIKEWISE HAVE APPEALED THEIR SENTENCES. TREY HAD ATTEMPTED TO SAIL INTO THE AREA IN PROTEST AGAINST CONTINUED NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING.

JUDGE STANLEY N. BARNES, PRESIDING OVER THE THREE-JUDGE PANEL

JUDGE STANLEY N. BARNES, PRESIDING OVER THE THREE-JUDGE PANEL OF THE COURT HEARING THE APPEAL, SAID THAT THE APPEAL COULD BE SUBMITTED ON BRIEFS.

BJ353PCS

A38WX (BJT)

(440) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN AID BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) TODAY PROPOSED HALTING ALL FOREIGN ECONOMIC AID OTHER THAN LOANS WITHIN THREE YEARS. HE ALSO URGED REDUCTIONS IN MILITARY AID AND SAID SECRECY LABELS

SHOULD BE STRIPPED FROM THE AMOUNTS GIVEN EACH COUNTRY.

MANSFIELD, ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID "TIME IS RUNNING OUT ON FOREIGN AID" AND THE PROGRAM MUST BE DRASTICALLY CURTAILED IF IT IS TO CONTINUE.

UNLESS THIS IS DONE, AND ECONOMIC AID IS SHIFTED FROM GIFTS TO LOAN, HE TOLD THE SENATE, THE NEXT SESSION OF CONGRESS "MAY WELL SEE A TIDE OF PUBLIC REACTION SO STRONG IT WILL SWAMP THE ENTIRE UNDERTAKING."

MOST OF MANSFIELD'S PROPOSAL, EXCEPT FOR ELIMINATION OF SECRECY CLASSIFICATIONS, WOULD GO INTO EFFECT JULY 1, 1960, ALTHOUGH IT WOULD BE WRITTEN INTO THE BILL CARRYING FUNDS FOR THE YEAR STARTING NEXT JULY 1. PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS ASKED \$3,900,000,000 (B) FOR ALL FOREIGN AID NEXT YEAR.

THE PRINCIPAL PROPOSAL WOULD REQUIRE THE ADMINISTRATION TO SUBMIT NEXT YEAR A DETAILED PLAN FOR PROGRESSIVE YEARLY REDUCTION OF GRANTS OR CIFTS FOR DEFENSE SUPPORT AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE. MANSFIELD SPECIFIED SUCH GRANTS SHOULD REACH "ZERO FOR EACH SUCH NATION OVER A MAXIMUM THREE-YEAR PERIOD.

MILITARY AID, FOR WHICH THE PRESIDENT IS ASKING \$1,600,000,000
FOR THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1, WOULD BE CONTINUED UNDER MANSFIELD'S
PROPOSAL, BUT ON A REDUCED BASIS.

GRANTS FOR DEFENSE SUPPORTS, FOR WHICH EISENHOWER IS ASKING 835
MILLION DOLLARS FOR FISCAL 1960, WOULD BE ELIMINATED ENTIRELY
BY JUNE 30, 1963. DEFENSE SUPPORTS ARE ECONOMIC AID TO ENABLE
COUNTRIES TO MAINTAIN FORCES LARGER THAN THEIR OWN ECONOMICS CAN
SUSTAIN. MANSFIELD'S THEORY IS THAT THEIR ELIMINATION WOULD REDUCE
PLEAS FOR ARMS AID. PLEAS FOR ARMS AID.

MANSFIELD'S AMENDMENTS WOULD TRANSFER ALL MILITARY AID TO THE REGULAR U. S. DEFENSE DEPARTMENT BUDGET. HOWEVER, THE SECRETARY OF STATE WOULD BE GIVEN AUTHORITY OVER WHERE THE MONEY GOES TO INSURE AGAINST CONFLICT HITH FORESCENE OF THE STATE WOULD BE GIVEN AUTHORITY OVER WHERE THE MONEY GOES TO INSURE AGAINST CONFLICT WITH FOREIGN POLICY OBJECTIVES.

THE SENATE ALSO PROPOSED CONTINUATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND FOR WHICH EISENHOWER IS ASKING 700 MILLION DOLLARS FOR NEXT YEAR, AND THE POINT 4 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR WHICH EISEN-

HOWER IS ASKING 211 MILLIONS.

MANSFIELD PROPOSED ABOLITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

ADMINISTRATION AS A SEMI-INDEPENDENT AGENCY, BRINGING IT COMPLETELY WITHIN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

HIS AMENDMENTS, IF ADOPTED, WOULD REMOVE IMMEDIATELY WHAT HE CALLED THE PREPOSTEROUS SECRECY CLASSIFICATION ON COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY

BREAKDOWNS AND OTHER DETAILS OF MILITARY AID. UNDER THE PRESENT SECRECY, MANSFIELD SAID, MEMBERS OF CONGRESS CANNOT TELL THE PEOPLE "HOW MUCH MONEY WILL BE SPENT IN PAKISTAN, IN TURKEY, IN FORMOSA, IN KOREA" WHEN FOREIGNERS FREQUENTLY KNOW AT LEAST IN PART.

HE SAID THERE MUST BE REDUCTIONS IN MILITARY AID AND AN ELIMINATION OF DEFENSE SUPPORT.

"THESE ARE THE AREAS OF DECAY IN FOREIGN AID," MANSFIELD SAID.
"THESE ARE THE AREAS OF GREAT WASTE AND INEFFICIENCY."

ADVANCE HOLD FOR RELEASE EXPECTED ABOUT 11 A.M. EST TODAY (300) WHITE HOUSE MONEY (ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-A HOUSE COMMITTEE SAID TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT TIMES HAS USED EMERGENCY FUNDS FOR MATTERS NOT INVOLVING EMERGENCIES.

THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED ALLOWING THE PRESIDENT ANOTHER MILLION DOLLARS IN 1960 FOR A FUND OUT OF WHICH HE MAY FREELY PROVIDE FOR EMERGENCIES EFFECTING THE NATIONAL SECURITY, INTEREST OR DEFENSE. THE SUM IS THE SAME AS THAT APPROPRIATED FOR

THE FUND THIS YEAR. BUT IT OBSERVED THAT THE FUND HAS BEEN USED "WITH SOME FREQUENCY TO INITIATE PROJECTS, COMMITTEES AND AGENCIES WHICH LEND THEMSELVES TO PERPETUATION LONG BEYOND THE DEFENSIBLE PRETEXT OF EMERGENCY."

AS A CASE AT POINT, THE COMMITTEE CITED A RECENT STUDY OF THE MUTUAL SECURITY PROGRAM, ALTHOUGH THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN BEFORE CONGRESS EACH YEAR FOR MORE THAN A DECADE FOR "THOROUGH CONSIDERATION."

"IN RECOMMENDING AN APPROPRIATION IN THE FULL AMOUNT REQUESTED, THE COMMITTEE HOPES THAT THE UTMOST RESTRAINT WILL BE EXERCISED IN THE USE OF THIS FUND FOR THE PURPOSES INTENDED," THE COMMITTEE REPORT SAID.

THE DEFENSE EMERGENCY FUND WAS CONTAINED IN A BILL RECOMMENDING \$13.608.500 TO FINANCE THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT. VARIOUS \$13,608,500 TO FINANCE THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, VARIOUS COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS AND TO MAINTAIN THE EXECUTIVE MANSION FOR

THE BULK OF THE MONEY, TOTALING \$10,255,500, WOULD GO TO THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT. THE TOTAL IS \$343,630 MORE THAN WAS APPROPRIATED FOR THE CURRENT YEAR, AND IS THE AMOUNT ASKED BY THE PRESIDENT.

INCLUDED IS THE PRESIDENT'S \$150,000 ANNUAL SALARY, \$475,000 TO MAINTAIN THE WHITE HOUSE AND ITS GROUNDS, \$792,000 FOR THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL AND \$395,000 FOR THE PRESIDENT'S COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS. ADVISERS.

THE COMMITTEE CUT \$20,000 FROM REQUESTS TO OPERATE THE SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES CONTROL BOARD FOR THE COMING YEAR. IT ALLOWED THE BOARD \$380,000, AN INCREASE OF \$5,000 OVER THE AMOUNT APPROPRIATED THIS YEAR. IT DISALLOWED THE \$20,000 BECAUSE OF THE BOARD'S ENFORCED INACTIVITY WHILE AWAITING FINAL COURT DETERMINATION OF AN ORDER REQUIRING THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES TO DECISION. COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES TO REGISTER.

HAYDEN ARGUED FURTHER THAT THE ARMY ALREADY WAS DOWN TO 872,200, WITHIN 2,200 OF THE FLOOR SET BY THE ADMINISTRATION, AND THE MARINES TO 174,780, OR 220 UNDER THE REDUCTION GOAL.

IT WOULD BE ABSOLUTELY IMPOSSIBLE, THE ARIZONAN ARGUED, TO INCREASE THE ARMY BY 27,800 AND THE MARINES BY 25,220 IN THE NEXT SIX WEEKS. THE BILL COVERED ONLY FUNDS FOR USE IN THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING

HOWEVER, BOTH HAYDEN AND SEN. RICHARD B. RUSSELL (D-GA), CHAIRMAN OF THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID THAT THEY WOULD BE WILLING TO BATTLE OUT THE ISSUE WHEN THE DEFENSE MONEY BILL FOR THE NEXT FISCAL

30.24-7095

(380) REINHOLD-GAO WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE CHARGED TODAY THAT UNREASONABLY HIGH PRICES BY AN AIRCRAFT SUPPLIER COST THE GOVERNMENT AN EXTRA \$178,000 ON CONTRACTS FOR F100 AIR FORCE JET FIGHTERS. IN A REPORT TO CONGRESS, THE CAO SAID THE EXCESS CHARGE WAS ON VERTICAL STABILIZER TIPS PURCHASED FROM REINHOLD ENGINEERING AND PLASTICS CO. OF NORWALK, CALIF.

THE TIPS WERE BOUGHT BY THE RHEEM MANUFACTURING CO. AIRCRAFT DIVI-

SION AT DOWNEY, CALIF., UNDER A SUBCONTRACT WITH NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC., OF LOS ANGELES, MANUFACTURER OF THE F100.
RHEEM, THE GAO SAID, ACCEPTED THE PRICES QUOTED BY REINHOLD WITHOUT
OBTAINING COST INFORMATION. GAO CONTINUED THAT NEITHER NORTH AMERICAN NOR THE AIR FORCE REQUIRED RHEEM TO OBTAIN THIS DATA.

"AS A RESULT," THE REPORT SAID, "THE ULTIMATE COST TO THE GOVERNMENT WAS EXCESSIVE BY ABOUT \$178,000."

THE GAO SAID REINHOLD IN MARCH 1956 INITIALLY QUOTED A PRICE OF \$520.66 EACH FOR THE STABILIZER TIPS AND SUBSEQUENT ORDERS PROVIDED FOR GRADUALLY DECLINING PRICES RANGING FROM \$467.18 TO \$356.50 A UNIT.

THE REPORT SAID THAT IF RHEEM HAD OBTAINED DATA ON ACTUAL PRODUCTIONS
COSTS FOR THE LATER PURCHASE ORDERS, "IT WOULD HAVE BEEN APPARENT THAT
THE PRICES . . . WERE HIGH IN RELATION TO THE SUBCONTRACTOR'S PRIOR
COST EXPERIENCE IN PRODUCING THE ITEMS."

THE REPORT SAID RHEEM, WHEN QUESTIONED BY THE GAO, REPLIED THAT IT HAD OBTAINED COMPETITIVE BIDS FROM OTHER MANUFACTURERS "WHICH INDICATED ON THE OTHER HAND, RHEEM SAID ITS GOVERNMENT INSTRUCTIONS DID NOT REQUIRE SUBCONTRACTORS TO OBTAIN COST ESTIMATES OR HISTORICAL COST

THE GAO SAID THE AIR FORCE, IN THE MEANTIME, ISSUED INSTRUCTIONS STRESSING THE NEED FOR EFFECTIVE POLICING OF MAJOR SUBCONTRACT PRICING. "BUT WE BELIEVE THAT THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE INADEQUATE," THE GAO SAID. THE GAO RECOMMENDED THAT THE AIR FORCE ISSUE FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS MAKING IT CLEAR:

1. THAT CONTRACTORS WILL BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN SUFFICIENT COST DATA TO EVALUATE PROPOSED SUBCONTRACT PRICES. 2. THAT AIR FORCE CONTRACTING OFFICERS WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR RE-VIEWING PROPOSED PRICES OF MAJOR SUBCONTRACTS "TO ASSURE THAT FAIR AND

REASONABLE PRICES ARE ESTABLISHED. BU734PED

AMS BUDGET (370)

B53WX QUL

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR PLANE BY VERN HAUGLAND WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THE LAST DECISION DONALD QUARLES MADE
BEFORE HE DIED A WEEK AGO WAS TO MAKE AN APPEAL TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO PUSH DEVELOPMENT OF AN ATOMIC POWERED AIRPLANE.
THIS WORD WAS GIVEN TODAY BY LT. GEN. ROSCOE C. WILSON, AIR FORCE
DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR DEVELOPMENT. ASSOCIATED PRESS AVIATION WRITER

AT THE SAME TIME, WILSON TOLD THE AVIATION WRITERS ASSN. THE FINAL TECHNICAL OBSTACLE TO CONSTRUCTION OF AN EXPERIMENTAL NUCLEAR POWERED PLANE HAS BEEN OVERCOME. THIS, HE SAID, INVOLVED SHIELDING OF CREW AND EQUIPMENT FROM RADIATION.

CZ602AED

JUNE 30.

YEAR COMES UP.

THE GENERAL DECLINED TO SAY HOW THE SHIELDING PROBLEM WAS SOLVED. BUT HE SAID THAT IF GO-AHEAD FUNDS ARE OBTAINED "IT SHOULDN'T TAKE MANY YEARS FOR THE NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRPLANE TO BE IN THE AIR." WILSON DIGRESSED FROM HIS PREPARED SPEECH TO MAKE MENTION OF QUARLES, DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WHO DIED IN HIS SLEEP LAST FRIDAY OF A HEART AILMENT.

"IT MAY INTEREST YOU TO KNOW," WILSON TOLD THE WRITERS. "THAT SECRETARY QUARLES" LAST DECISION WAS THAT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION WOULD APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT FOR THE POWER TO EXPEDITE NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT. ASKED WHETHER EISENHOWER HAS GIVEN HIS APPROVAL, WILSON SAID THE PRESIDENT HAS NOT YET SAID YES.
THE GENERAL SAID EISENHOWER HAS BEEN KEENLY INTERESTED IN THE
NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT PROBLEM ALL ALONG BUT DID NOT WANT TO RUSH AHEAD, MERELY TO BEAT THE RUSSIANS INTO THE AIR WITH SOME KIND OF NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT. GO AHEAD WITH "PHASE 1"--DESIGN AND EARLY DEVELOPMENT. HE SAID THE MONEY TO GET GOING WOULD BE DIVERTED FROM OTHER AIR FORCE PROJECTS. THUS, WILSON SAID, THE ADDITIONAL COST INITIALLY WILL BE MODERATE. THESE ADDED FUNDS WILL BE PROVIDED BY THE AIR FORCE AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, HE SAID.

WILSON SPOKE OF THE AIR FORCE AS BEING EMBARKED "ON A PROGRAM TO PRODUCE A SUBSONIC NUCLEAR POWERED AIRPLANE WHICH WILL BE THE PROTO-TYPE OF A FUTURE WEAPONS SYSTEM."

A NUCLEAR BOMBER, HE SAIL, WOULD BE ABLE TO REACH ANY POINT ON EARTH AND WOULD BE CAPABLE OF EJECTING LONG RANGE MISSILES, SHORT RANGE ROCKETS AND NUCLEAR BOMBS. AS WILSON ENVISIONED IT, THE NUCLEAR PLANE WOULD NOT NECESSARILY BE ANY BIGGER THAN THE B52 HEAVY JET BOMBER NOW IN USE. IT WOULD BE DESIGNED TO USE THE SAME RUNWAY LENGTH AS THE B52, HE SAID. JC/LT237PED A34WX (440) NUCLEAR PLANE BY VERN HAUGLAND ASSOCIATED PRESS AVIATION WRITER WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE SAID TODAY IT HAS HURDLED THE LAST MAJOR OBSTACLE TO DEVELOPMENT OF A NUCLEAR POWERED AIRPLANE, THAT OF EFFICIENT SHIELDING FROM RADIATION.

LT. GEN. ROSCOE C. WILSON, DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR DEVELOPMENT,
TOLD THE AVIATION WRITERS ASSN. THAT "WE THEREFORE ARE NOW EMBARKED
ON A PROGRAM TO PRODUCE A SUBSONIC NUCLEAR POWERED AIRPLANE WHICH WILL BE THE PROTOTYPE OF A FUTURE WEAPON SYSTEM.

WILSON DID NOT SAY WHEN SUCH A PROTOTYPE, OR EXPERIMENTAL, MODEL ACTUALLY WOULD BE BUILT AND READY FOR TESTING. DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW PLANE NORMALLY TAKES A NUMBER OF YEARS. "THE EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION ON AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT ARE NOW SUFFICIENTLY UNDERSTOOD TO ENABLE US TO PROCEED WITH A PROTOTYPE AIRCRAFT, WILSON SAID. "THE SHIELDING PROBLEM FOR NUCLEAR AIRPLANES HAS BEEN SOLVED. WE KNOW HOW TO DESIGN EFFECTIVE AIRBORNE SHIELDS AND HOW TO PREDICT THEIR WILSON SAID A NUCLEAR AIRPLANE WOULD NOT NECESSARILY BE ANY LARGER THAN THE CURRENT B52 HEAVY JET BOMBER. IT ALSO WILL BE DESIGNED TO OPERATE OFF THE SAME RUNWAY LENGTH AS THE B52. HE SAID A NUCLEAR BOMBER WOULD BE ABLE TO CRUISE ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD, AND WOULD BE CAPABLE OF LAUNCHING LONG-RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES AS WELL AS HANDLING NUCLEAR BOMBS AND SHORT-RANGE MISSILES. THE DIRECT AIR CYCLE AND THE INDIRECT LIQUID METAL CYCLE.

IN THE DIRECT CYCLE, THE AIR FLOWS FROM THE ENGINE INTAKE THROUGH THE COMPRESSOR AND DIRECTLY THROUGH THE REACTOR, WHERE IT IS HEATED, EXPANDED THROUGH THE TURBINE, AND FLOWS OUT AS A JET STREAM. IN THE INDIRECT CYCLE THE REACTOR HEATS A LIQUID METAL WHICH FLOWS THROUGH A CLOSED SYSTEM. THE AIR IS HEATED BY PASSING THROUGH A HEAT EXCHANGER. THE DIRECT CYCLE TURBOJET SYSTEM IS BEING DEVELOPED BY GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. AT EVENDALE, OHIO, AND AT THE NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION IN IDAHO. PRATT AND WHITNEY AIRCRAFT CO. IS DEVELOPING THE LONGER RANGE INDIRECT CYCLE PROGRAM AT MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

CONVAIR DIVISION OF GENERAL DYNAMICS DIVISION, FORT WORTH, TEX.,

HAS BEEN AWARDED A DESIGN STUDY FOR THE EXPERIMENTAL AIRPLANE THAT WILL USE THE NUCLEAR POWER. WHILE THE AIR FORCE IS FORGING AHEAD WITH SUCH ADVANCE AIRCRAFT AND WITH MISSILES, WILSON SAID, IT WILL NOT DISCARD TRIED AND PROVED MANNED AIRCRAFT UNTIL WE FIND SOMETHING THAT WE POSITIVELY KNOW IS HE SAID THE HOUND DOG MISSILE AND LATER, THE AIR LAUNCHED BALLISTIC MISSILE, WILL EXTEND THE USEFUL LIFE OF 847 AND 852 BOMBERS.

UNDER DEVELOPMENT IS THE SUPERSONIC, LONG RANGE NORTH AMERICAN 870 BOMBER, CAPABLE OF SPEEDS OF MORE THAN 2,000 MILES AN HOUR AND ALTITUDES OF ABOVE 70,000 FEET, AND ARMED WITH AIR LAUNCHING BALLISTIC MISSILES AS WELL AS BOMBS.

AN INTERCEPTOR WITH COMPARABLE SPEED AND DANCE. THE MORTH AMERICAN AN INTERCEPTOR WITH COMPARABLE SPEED AND RANGE, THE NORTH AMERICAN F108, ALSO IS BEING DEVELOPED, HE SAID. CR439AED

A171AX CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., MAY 15 (AP)-A COMBAT MODEL OF A POWERFUL ATLAS INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE BLAZED ON ITS LAUNCHING PAD TONIGHT BUT THE ENGINES SHUT DOWN SECONDS LATER WHEN TROUBLE DEVELOPED.

IT WAS THE SECOND ATTEMPT TO LAUNCH A NEW "D" SERIES ATLAS WHICH SPECIAL REFINEMENTS HAVE MADE LIGHTER AND MORE POWERFUL THAN ITS PREDECESSORS. ON THE FIRST TRY APRIL 14 THE MISSILE SWAYED OFF COURSE AND WAS BLOWN UP 15 SECONDS LATER.

IMPROVEMENTS IN THE STREAMLINED NEW ATLAS INCLUDE A MORE REFINED PROPULSION AND GUIDANCE SYSTEM AND LESS WEIGHT CAUSED BY COATING THE BASE OF THE MISSILE WITH FIBERGLASS RATHER THAN METAL. THE ATLAS IS EXPECTED TO PROVIDE THE BIG LIFT FOR HEAVY SPACE PROBES BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR. LB1216AES NM

DENVER, MAY 15 (AP)-THE 56-FOOT FIRST STAGE OF A TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE EXPLODED TODAY IN A TEST STAND IN THE FOOTHILLS BACK OF THE MARTIN CO. PLANT SOUTHWEST OF DENVER.

NO INJURIES WERE REPORTED. THE EXPLOSION SENT ALOFT A BLACK PUFF OF SMOKE VISIBLE FOR SEVERAL MILES. SMOKE VISIBLE FOR SEVERAL MILES A COMPANY OFFICIAL SAID ALL PERSONS WORKING ON THE STATIC SEQUENCE TEST OF THE MISSILE WERE IN A CONCRETE BLOCKHOUSE 600 YARDS DISTANT THE SECOND STAGE OF THE MISSILE, 37 FEET LONG, WAS IN TEST STAND ONLY TO FEET FROM THE FIRST STAGE BUT ESCAPED DAMAGE. THE TEST STAND HOLDING THE FIRST STAGE WAS DAMAGED TO SOME EXTENT,
THEY SAID THIS WAS THE FIRST MISHAP ON THE TEST STAND AT THE PLANT.
THE TITAN HAS BEEN FIRED SUCCESSFULLY FOUR TIMES AT CAPE CANAVERAL,

A115WX (220) MISSILE ENGINE WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE HAS TESTED THE LARGEST SOLID FUEL ENGINE FOR MISSILES EVER BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN FIRED, SECRETARY JAMES H. DOUGLAS SAID TONIGHT. HE DESCRIBED THE TEST AS A MAJOR MILESTONE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PRO-GRAM FOR THE NEW, QUICK-FIRING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE DETAILS OF THE TEST WERE NOT GIVEN BY DOUGLAS IN A SPEECH PREPARED DOUGLAS SAID THE MINUTEMAN MISSILE SHOULD TAKE OVER MUCH OF THE DETERRENT FORCE LOAD, APPARENTLY FROM LIQUID FUEL MISSILES, WITHIN FOUR YEARS. DISCUSSING THE RELATIVE POSITIONS OF THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA IN BALLISTIC MISSILES, DOUGLAS SAID WE HAVE NO OPERATIONAL FORCE, AND WE HAVE NO EVIDENCE THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE SUCH A FORCE. IT IS BELIEVED THE RUSSIANS COULD HAVE A SMALL NUMBER OF MISSILES IN OPERATIONAL PURSUANS COULD HAVE A SMALL NUMBER OF MISSILES IN OPERATIONAL UNITS THIS YEAR, HE SAID.
BUT DOUGLAS ALSO SAID THE FIRST U.S. ATLAS ICBM SQUADRON WILL BE
EQUIPPED WITH MISSILES NEXT MONTH. THE FIRST PRODUCTION-LINE ATLAS MISSILE SHOULD BE FIRED FROM AN OPERATIONAL LAUNCHER BY A STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND CREW IN THE NEXT WEEK OR TWO, DOUGLAS SAID. HE PRESUMABLY WAS REFERRING TO A LAUNCHING FROM VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE IN CALIFORNIA.

THE ATLAS IS A MISSILE USING A LIQUID PROPELLANT. SO IS THE NEWER TITAN ICBM. DOUGLAS SAID FOUR TEST LAUNCHINGS OF THE TITAN HAVE ALL BEEN SUCCESSFUL. CR&CZ944PED A131AX CLEVELAND, MISS., MAY 15 (AP)-DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN SAYS ENGINES

ARE BEING PERFECTED NOW TO POWER ROCKETS THAT WILL BE USED IN

COMMERCIAL AVIATION IN THE FUTURE.

THE DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT OPERATIONS AT THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE

AGENCY IN HUNTSVILLE, ALA., TOLD THE 24TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE DELTA

COUNCIL YESTERDAY THAT MISSILE TRANSPORTATION COULD BE USED "FOR

DELIVERY OF HIGH PRIORITY CARGO AS WELL AS HUMAN BEINGS."

HE SAID ON FUTURE BATTLEFIELDS WE MUST ANTICIPATE "THE POTENTIAL

OF MISSILE DEFENSE IN FACT OBSOLETES THE MANNED AIRCRAFT WHICH

CANNOT SURVIVE THE BATTLEFIELD ENVIRONMENT."

THE ARMY'S TOP MISSILE EXPERT SAID THE NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE

TO ENĀBLE A BESTROYER TO CARRY OUT UNLIMITED OPERATIONS.—OVER

TO CARRY OUT UNLIMITED OPERATIONS.—OVER

CONCEPT OF THE DESTROYER TISELF, "SAID SALIONSTALL,

CONCEPT OF NAVAL WARFARE JUST AS THE SUBMARINE NAUTILUS HAD."

GH626PED

A88

BY RICHARD KASISCHKE (280)

VIENNA, MAY 15 (AP)-THE VANGUARD OF SOME 250,000 SUDETEN

VIENNA, MAY 15 (AP)-THE VANGUARD OF SOME 250,000 SUDETEN

CERMANS INVADED VIENNA TODAY IN PREPARATION FOR A FOUR-DAY RALLY CANNOT SURVIVE THE BATTLEFIELD ENVIRONMENT.

THE ARMY'S TOP MISSILE EXPERT SAID THE NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE
UNDER DEVELOPMENT MUST BE CAPABLE OF HITTING 10,000 MILES AN HOUR,

"A DIFFICULT BUT NOT IMPOSSIBLE TASK."

THE OFFENSE NOW ENJOYS THE ADVANTAGE IN DEFENSE AGAINST MISSILES,
HE SAID. AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO UNTIL AN EFFICIENT DEFENSIVE

SYSTEM BECOMES AVAILABLE.

AMBITIOUS PLANS FOR HUGE SPACE VEHICLES AND FOR INVESTIGATIONS OF
REGIONS BEYOND THE MOON ARE BEING MADE BY THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS

AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, HE SAID.

"THESE THINGS ARE COMING. MAKE NO MISTAKE ABOUT THAT. BUT THEY
ARE NOT GOING TO COME THIS YEAR," VON BRAUN ADDED.

THE ROCKET PROJECT SATURN UNDER WAY AT REDSTONE ARSENAL, HE SAID,
IS BIGGER THAN ANYTHING RUSSIA HAS YET DEMONSTRATED.

THE HUGE ROCKET SATELLITE WILL BE CAPABLE OF PRODUCING ABOUT
1,500,000 POUNDS OF THRUST WHEN IT BEGINS TESTS NEXT YEAR. IT WILL BE
POWERED BY A CLUSTER OF EIGHT POWER UNITS SUCH AS ARE NOW USED IN THE
JUPITER AND ATLAS ROCKETS. THE FIRST POWER PLANT HAS ALREADY BEEN JUPITER AND ATLAS ROCKETS. THE FIRST POWER PLANT HAS ALREADY BEEN ORBIT SUCH HEAVY PAYLOADS AS A COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE TO PROVIDE

WORLD WIDE TRANSMISSION FOR THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND, THE NAVY AND

30.24-7097

THE ARMY." THE COUNCIL COMPRISES BUSINESS AND AGRICULTURAL LEADERS FROM THE DELTA AREA OF MISSISSIPPI. ABOUT 6,000 PERSONS ATTENDED THE MEETING. NIGHT LEAD DESTROYER (200) QUINCY, MASS., MAY 15 (AP)-THE KEEL OF THE NAVY'S FIRST NUCLEAR-POWERED, GUIDED MISSILE DESTROYER LEADER WAS LAID TODAY AT BETHLEHEM STEEL CO.'S SHIPYARD. SEN. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, (R-MASS), MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, TOLD A SHIPYARD AUDIENCE THE EVENT USHERED IN ANOTHER BRIGHT NEW ERA FOR THE UNITED STATES NAVY -- ANOTHER MILESTONE FOR UNITED STATES LEADERSHIP THROUGHOUT THE WORLD." PRESENT FOR THE CEREMONIES WAS REAR ADM. HYMAN RICKOVER, USN. FATHER OF NUCLEAR POWER IN SHIPS, WHO INSCRIBEDINIS INITIALS ON THE KEEL PLATE. THE NEW SHIP, THE SECOND NUCLEAR-POWER NAVY CRAFT TO BE BUILT HERE, IS TO BE NAMED THE BAINBRIDGE FOR COMMODORE WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE, HERO OF THE TRIPOLI WAR AND THE WAR OF 1812. THE GUIDED MISSILE CRUISER, USS LONG BEACH, NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION, IS SCHEDULED TO BE LAUNCHED IN JUL

THE BAINBRIDGE WILL BE ARMED WITH SURFACE-TO-AIR TERRIER MISSILES AND WILL HAVE THE MOST MODERN ANTI-SUBMARINE WEAPONS. THE 7,600 TON CRAFT WILL BE CAPABLE OF "VIRTUALLY UNLIMITED" CRUISING RADIUS AT HIGHER SPEEDS THAN CONVENTIONALLY-POWERED DESTROY-

ERS. IT WILL BE 540 FEET LONG AND 56 FEET WIDE.
TO ENABLE A DESTROYER TO CARRY OUT UNLIMITED OPERATIONS--OVER
100,000 MILES AT FULL POWER WITHOUT REFUELING--IS TO CHANGE THE
CONCEPT OF THE DESTROYER ITSELF, SAID SALTONSTALL.

VIENNA, MAY 15 (AP)-THE VANGUARD OF SOME 250,000 SUDETEN GERMANS INVADED VIENNA TODAY IN PREPARATION FOR A FOUR-DAY RALLY THAT HAS RAISED THE THREAT OF COMMUNIST-INSPIRED DISORDER. LED BY THE CZECHOSLOVAK GOVERNMENT, THE COMMUNISTS HAVE PROTESTED THE HOLDING IN NEUTRAL AUSTRIA OF THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE THREE MILLION GERMANS EXPELLED FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA AFTER WORLD WAR II. THE SUDETENS FORMED THE FIFTH COLUMN SPEARHEAD FOR HITLER'S ANNEXATION OF THAT COUNTRY.

THE CONVENTION OPENS TOMORROW. MOST OF THE ARRIVALS CAME FROM WEST GERMANY, BUT STRONG DELEGATIONS ALSO REPRESENTED SCANDINAVIA, ENGLAND, CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES. THE RALLIES ALSO WILL BE ATTENDED BY THOUSANDS OF AUSTRIANS OF SUDETEN ORIGIN, INCLUDING SOME GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

AMONG THE SPEAKERS AT THE OPENING TOMORROW WILL BE AUSTRIAN
CHANCELLOR JULIUS RAAB. VIENNA'S CARDINAL-ARCHBISHOP KOENIG WILL
CONDUCT A PONTIFICIAL MASS FOR THE VISITORS SUNDAY.

EXTRAORDINARY SECURITY MEASURES ARE BEING TAKEN TO SEE THAT NOBODY

DISTURBS THIS RALLY, IN VIEW OF THE BITTER COMMUNIST PROTESTS. THE AUSTRIAN COMMUNIST PARTY IS SMALL, BUT ITS PRESS ATTACKS AGAINST THE MEETING HAVE BEEN SHARP.

THE CZECHOSLOVAK GOVERNMENT, SUPPORTED BY MOSCOW, OFFICIALLY

COMPLAINED TO THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT THAT IT WAS VIOLATING THE NEUTRALITY IT PLEDGED IN ITS WORLD WAR II INDEPENDENCE TREATY. BY PERMITTING THIS "MEETING OF REVENGISTS AND REVISIONISTS. THE CZECHS CLAIM THAT A PRIME AIM OF THE SUDETENS IS TO RECOVER THE SUDETEN TERRITORY WHICH HITLER GRABBED AT MUNICH IN 1938 AND FROM WHICH THEY WERE EXPELLED AFTER THE WAR. THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT ANSWERED THAT IT CONSIDERED THE SUDETEN MEETING OF A CULTURAL AND ETHNIC NATURE ONLY. TU/RJ804AED

NIGHT LEAD SOVIET (230)

BY JAMES CARY

DF925PED

TOKYO. MAY 15 (AP)-PREMIER NOBUSUKE KISHI'S GOVERNMENT NOTIFIED THE RUSSIANS TODAY IT WILL NOT ADOPT A POLICY OF NEUTRALITY. IT SUGGESTED THAT THEY STAY OUT OF JAPANESE DEFENSE AFFAIRS.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE DENIED NUCLEAR ARMS ARE BEING BROUGHT INTO JAPAN FOR USE BY EITHER THE UNITED STATES OR ITS OWN TROOPS. IT REPEATED THAT JAPAN'S ALLIANCE WITH THE UNITED STATES IS PURELY DEFENSIVE. THE POSITION WAS LAID DOWN IN A REPLY TO A SOVIET NOTE OF MAY 4 THAT DEMANDED JAPAN REMOVE ALL U.S. TROOPS AND BASES AND BECOME

NEUTRAL IN WORLD AFFAIRS. THE REPLY FOLLOWED BY TWO DAYS A SOVIET-IMPOSED LIMITATION OF 85,000 METRIC TONS ON THE YEARLY JAPANESE SALMON CATCH IN THE NORTH PACIFIC. THIS DECISION, REACHED AFTER PROTRACTED NEGOTIATIONS, CUTS DEEPLY INTO JAPAN'S FOOD SUPPLY.

THE NOTE REJECTED THE OFT-REPEATED SOVIET CALL FOR A NUCLEAR FREE ZONE IN THE FAR EAST, EMPHASIZING:

"THOSE WHO BEAR THE HEAVIEST AND MOST DIRECT RESPONSIBILITY FOR SOLVING THIS QUESTION ARE THE GREAT POWERS THEMSELVES WHO POSSES SUCH

RECALLING THE TWO WORLD WAR II ATOM BOMBS THAT FELL ON JAPANESE SOIL, THE NOTE SAID JAPAN FAVORED A COMPLETE BAN ON TESTING UNDER AN EFFECTIVE CONTROL AND INSPECTION SYSTEM, FOLLOWED BY MEASURES THAT WOULD MAKE NUCLEAR STOCKPILING IMPOSSIBLE.

THE REPLY, HANDED TO SOVIET AMBASSADOR NIKOLAI FEDORENKO, TOLD THE SOVIET UNION THAT "THE PROBLEM OF DEFENSE OF A NATION IS ONE THAT SHOULD BE DETERMINED INDEPENDENTLY BY THAT NATION AND REQUIRES NO INTERVENTION BY OTHER NATIONS."

REQUIRES NO INTERVENTION BY OTHER NATIONS.

TOKYO, MAY 15 (AP)-ABOUT 220 JAPANESE FISHING VESSELS MANNED BY IRATE FISHERMEN CHUGGED OUT OF NAKAMINATO PORT IN CENTRAL JAPAN TODAY, SURROUNDED A U. S. NAVY TUGBOAT SIX MILES OFFSHORE AND PREVENTED IT FROM SETTING UP A MARKER FOR AERIAL TARGET PRACTICE.

A U. S. MILITARY SPOKESMAN SAID LATER THE INCIDENT WAS THE RESULT OF A MISUNDERSTANDING AND THAT A SETTLEMENT WAS QUICKLY REACHED. THE DISPUTE BEGAN AS THE RESULT OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN U. S. AUTHORITIES AND THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT FOR THE USE OF A RESTRICTED AREA OF THE SEA OFF THE COAST ABOUT 70 MILES NORTHEAST OF TOKYO BY THE U. S. AIR FORCE FOR TARGET PRACTICE.

BY THE U. S. AIR FORCE FOR TARGET PRACTICE.

LOCAL FISHERMEN WERE INFORMED A TARGET WOULD BE SET UP IN THE AREA
MAY 20 WITH TARGET PRACTICE TO BEGIN MAY 21. THEY GOT MAD WHEN THE

DATE APPARENTLY WAS MOVED UP TO TODAY. NAVAL BASE NEAR TOKYO, WAS DISPATCHED TO THE AREA PRIMARILY TO SEARCH FOR A NAVY JET THAT CRASHED TWO DAYS AGO. IT TOOK THE TARGET MARKER ALONG TO CAME AN EXTRA TRUE

TARGET MARKER ALONG TO SAVE AN EXTRA TRIP, HE EXPLAINED.

AIR FORCE OFFICERS GOT THE FISHERMEN TO CALL BACK THEIR BOATS BY

AGREEING TO SET UP THE MARKER MAY 20, AS ORIGINALLY PLANNED. THE

OFFICERS ALSO ALLAYED FISHERMEN'S FEARS BY SHOWING THEM A 25-POUND

NONEXPLOSIVE PRACTICE FORM NONEXPLOSIVE PRACTICE BOMB OF THE KIND TO BE USED.

THE AGREEMENT TO USE THE OCEAN FOR TARGET PRACTICE WAS REACHED FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS BY VILLAGERS IN THE AREA THAT USE OF A NEARBY PRACTICE ZONE ON LAND WAS DANGEROUS. JS1006AED A31 (DT FW)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MAY 15 (AP)-A CHINESE NATIONALIST NEWS AGENCY REPORTED TODAY THAT TWO DIVISIONS OF SOVIET TROOPS ARRIVED LAST WEEK IN RED CHINA'S SINKIANG PROVINCE BORDERING TIBET.

THE TATAO AGENCY, OPERATED BY THE JUSTICE MINISTRY, CLAIMED ITS INFORMATION CAME FROM UNDERGROUND AGENTS IN SHANGHAI.

THE AGENCY SAID THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS INVITED THE RUSSIANS TO SEND THE DIVISIONS -- ONE INFANTRY, THE OTHER COSSACK CAVALRY -- TO HELP COPE WITH ANY BIG UPRISING THAT MIGHT BREAK OUT.

WITH REBELS IN SINKIANG.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE ADMITTED RECENTLY THAT THERE HAVE BEEN CLASHES

EARLIER IN THE WEEK TRAVELLERS FROM TIBET REACHING INDIA REPORTED SEEING ABOUT 250 SOVIET TROOPS ARRIVING AT GYANGTSE, SOUTH OF THE TIBETAN CAPITAL OF LHASA.

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MAY 15 (AP)-THE U.S. FREEDOMS FOUNDATION (CAPS F) LAST NIGHT PRESENTED ITS FREEDOM LEADERSHIP AWARD TO PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

PD426AED

THE PRESENTATION WAS MADE AT A DINNER BY THE FOUNDATION'S CHAIRMAN, ADM. FELIX B. STUMP, FORMER U.S. COMMANDER IN CHIEF IN THE PACIFIC. CHIANG WAS THE EIGHTH PERSON TO RECEIVE THE AWARD, THE OTHERS INCLUDING SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL, WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER AND THE LATE PRESIDENT RAMON MAGSAYSAY OF THE PHILIPPINES. CHIANG IN ACCEPTANCE ASKED STUMP TO TELL PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THAT THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA IS DETERMINED TO CONTINUE FIGHTING IN ORDER TO FULFIL OUR COMMON CAUSE AND ATTAIN FINAL VICTORY. EISENHOWER IS HONORARY PRESIDENT OF THE FOUNDATION, WHICH HAS ITS HEADQUARTERS IN VALLEY FORGE. PA.

HEADQUARTERS IN VALLEY FORGE, PA.

THE CHINESE PRESIDENT WAS CITED FOR HIS "FORESIGHTED UNDERSTANDING OF THE DANGERS OF COMMUNISM BEFORE OTHERS BECAME AWAKENED, FOR HIS FEAR-LESSNESS IN THE FACE OF DANGER, FOR HIS DETERMINED FIGHT FOR THE FREEDOM OF HIS FELLOW COUNTRYMEN AND OF THE FREE WORLD."

BJ646AED

LONDON, MAY 15 (AP)-WEST GERMAN DEFENSE MINISTER FRANZ-JOSEPH STRAUSS FLEW HOME TO BONN TODAY WITH BRITISH AGREEMENT TO A COOPERATIVE PROGRAM FOR PRODUCING A WIDE RANGE OF WEAPONS.

A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED BY THE BRITISH DEFENSE MINISTRY SPECIFICALLY CITED TANKS AND LIGHT TRACKED MILITARY VEHICLES.

IT SAID THAT STRAUSS AND BRITISH DEFENSE MINISTER DUNCAN SANDYS HAD ALSO REVIEWED COOPERATION ON SUCH ITEMS AS SUBMARINE CONSTRUCTION, NAVAL GAS TURBINES AND PROPULSION METHODS, TORPEDOES, MOTOR BOATS, ROCKET MORTARS, AMPHIBIOUS VEHICLES, ENGINEER EQUIPMENT, PARACHUTE-DROPPING EQUIPMENT AND RADAR.

STRAUSS HAS BEEN HERE ON A FOUR-DAY OFFICIAL VISIT, TOURING MILITARY ESTABLISHMENTS AND TALKING WITH BRITISH LEADERS.

CONCERNING TANKS, THE COMMUNICIES SAID BRITAIN AND WEST CERMANY.

WILL EXCHANGE PROTOTYPES WITH THE AIM OF EVOLVING COMMON SOLUTIONS WILL EXCHANGE PROTOTYPES "WITH THE AIM OF EVOLVING COMMON SOLUTIONS"
TO THE TACTICAL AND TECHNICAL PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION."
"SUBJECT TO FURTHER STUDY THE TWO COUNTRIES WOULD ENDEAVOR TO AGREE
ONN THE ADOPTION OF A STANDARDIZED FAMILY OF LIGHT TRACKED

IT ALSO ANNOUNCED THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED ANTITANK GUIDED WEAPONS--"AND THAT OTHE
COUNTRIES ALREADY ENGAGED IN THIS TYPE OF WORK SHOULD BE INVITED
TO ASSOCIATE THEMSELVES WITH THIS EFFORT."

A BRITISH-GERMAN STEERING COMMITTEE ON ARMAMENT COOPERATION WILL RECEIVE "FURTHER DIRECTIONS."

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(300)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 1 P.M. EST MONTGOMERY DECLARED TODAY BRITAIN VETOED A U.S. PLAN TO INVADE EUROPE IN 1942 ON THE GROUND THAT AVAILABLE AMERICAN TROOPS WERE UNFIT TO FACE THE GERMANS

MONTGOMERY SAID ANY SUCH INVASION THAT YEAR WOULD HAVE BEEN AN ALLIED DISASTER.

ADDRESSING OXFORD UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, MONTGOMERY REVIVED ONE OF THE GREAT CONTROVERSIES OF WORLD WAR II--WHETHER THE WEST SHOULD HAVE STAGED A SECOND FRONT IN 1942 AS THE RUSSIANS WERE DEMANDING.
MONTGOMERY RECALLED THAT EARLY IN 1942 MILITARY PLANNERS IN WASHINGTON AMONG CHEM. SEN. FLORINGHER. POPPER FOR A CROSS CHANNEL. WASHINGTON, AMONG GHEM GEN.EISENHOWER, PREPARED FOR A CROSS CHANNEL OPERATION. HE ADDED:

"IN MY OPINION THE AMERICAN PLAN WOULD HAVE INVOLVED THE ALLIES IN A DISASTER WHICH WOULD HAVE PROLONGED THE WAR FOR YEARS. CHURCHILL AND THE BRITISH CHIEFS OF STAFF KNEW BETTER, AND THEY WERE

"WHEN THE AMERICAN ARMY WENT INTO BATTLE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE EUROPEAN THEATER --IN NORTH AFRICA IN 1942, ONE YEAR AFTER THEY
HAD ENTERED THE WAR-- THE TROOPS WERE FOUND TO BE VERY GREEN.
"CHURCHILL AND HIS ADVISERS KNEW THEY COULD NEVER BE SUFFICIENTLY
BATTLEWORTHY TO PLAY THEIR PART IN EUROPE AGAINST THE FULL MIGHT

OF THE GERMAN ARMY IN 1942, OR EVEN IN 1943. SINCE RETIRING LAST YEAR AS NATO'S DEPUTY COMMANDER, MONTY HAS SPENT HIS NEW LEISURE SAYING WHATEVER HE THINKS, AND SOMETIMES, PEOPLE SAY, BEFORE HE THINKS. HIS LAST MAJOR STATEMENT WAS AN APOLOGY TO THE UNITED STATES FOR CALLING ITS LEADERSHIP SUSPECT AND ITS PEOPLE CHICKENHEARTED.

MONTGOMERY, DELIVERING THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF OXFORD LECTURES, RETURNED TO A FAVORITE THEME -- THAT THE WEST COULD HAVE SAVED EASTERN EUROPE FROM COMMUNISM IF ONLY THE AMERICANS HAD LISTENED TO THE BRITISH IN WORLD WAR II. CHURCHILL, HE SAID, TRIED BUT FAILED TO GET PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND THE AMERICAN WARTIME GOVERNMENT TO BEALLY FROM THE SOUTH PROSERVELT AND THE AMERICAN WARTIME GOVERNMENT TO REALIZE THAT SOVIET RUSSIA HAD BECOME A MORTAL DANGER TO THE FREE WORLD.

"THE WESTERN NATIONS COULD HAVE ENDED THE WAR WITH THEIR FORCES FURTHER TO THE EAST THAN ACTUALLY HAPPENED. THEY WOULD THEN HAVE BEEN IN A BETTER POSITION TO ACHIEVE A POLITICAL BALANCE IN EUROPE MORE FAVORABLE TO THEMSELVES THAN THAT WHICH HAS ACTUALLY EMERGED. SF/RK1204PED

A78WX (LEAD)

V(400) FIRST LEAD INTERNAL SECURITY

BY G. MILTON KELLY WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-A RETIRED GOVERNMENT WORKER, PICTURED BY SENATE INVESTIGATORS AS A FINANCIAL BACKER OF COMMUNIST CAUSES, REFUSED TODAY TO ACKNOWLEDGE ALLEGIANCE TO THE FLAG.

TON SHOUTED WHEN ASKED TO DO SO IN A SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUB-COMMITTEE HEARING. HE SAID HE REGARDED AS INSULTING THE REQUEST MADE

THINGS, HE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER (1) HE IS A PAST OR PRESENT COM-MUNIST, (2) HAS BEEN USING A HALF MILLION DOLLAR INHERITANCE TO FINANCE COMMUNIST CAUSES, OR (3) DRAWS A \$360 A MONTH PENSION AS A RETIRED EMPLOYE OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

30.24-7099

TWO OTHER SUBCOMMITTEE WITNESSES PARRIED QUESTIONS ON WHETHER THEY WOULD BE WILLING TO BEAR ARMS FOR THE UNITED STATES IN THE EVENT OF WAR WITH RUSSIA.

JAMES E. JACKSON OF NEW YORK CITY, WHO REFUSED TO TELL WHETHER HE IS NATIONAL SECRETARY FOR NEGRO AND SOUTHERN AFFAIRS IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY, FINALLY TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE:

"IF ANY COUNTRY ATTACKS THIS COUNTRY, I WILL BE PREPARED TO DEFEND

THIS COUNTRY.

I WILL COUNT MYSELF OUT OF IT. ARNOLD JOHNSON, ALSO OF NEW YORK, WHO SAID HE IS THE PAID NATIONAL LEGISLATIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, AVOIDED ANSWERING DIRECTLY QUESTIONS ABOUT HIS WILLINGNESS TO BEAR ARMS FOR THE UNITED STATES IN ANY WAR WITH RUSSIA.

JACKSON, SAID BY THE COMMITTEE TO HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM MOSCOW, INVOKED THE FIFTH AMENDMENT ON WHETHER HE HAD BROUGHT BACK ANY

DIRECTIVES TO THE INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN'S AND WAREHOUSE WORKERS UNION IN SAN FRANCISCO OR TO THE COMMUNIST PAPER, THE WORKER, IN NEW YORK.

BUT HE REPLIED "NO" WHEN ASKED WHETHER HE HAD CONVEYED TO THE UNION OR THE PAPER ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR MESSAGES FROM MOSCOW. HE REFUSED TO SAY WHY HE DREW THE DISTINCTION.

IN QUIZZING GOLDMAN, THE SUBCOMMITTEE PLACED IN EVIDENCE PHOTO-GRAPHIC COPIES OF CANCELED CHECKS DRAWN ON HIS BANK ACCOUNT ALLEGEDLY TO HELP FINANCE VARIOUS COMMUNIST CAUSES. NO TOTAL WAS ANNOUNCED. GOLDMAN REFUSED TO DISCUSS THE CHECKS, BUT DID GIVE THE SENATORS A SPECIMEN OF HIS HANDWRITING FOR COMPARISON.

IN A SHOUTED EXCHANGE WITH MCCLELLAN, THE SENATOR ASKED HIM: "DO YOU OR WILL YOU NOW ACKNOWLEDGE ALLEGIANCE TO THE FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE REPUBLIC FOR WHICH IT STANDS?"

"I WILL NOT," GOLDMAN REPLIED. TERMING IT AN INSULTING QUESTION, HE SAID "I WORKED FOR THE GOVERNMENT FOR 40 YEARS AND I TOOK THE OATH," BUT HE REFUSED TO SAY MORE ABOUT ALLEGIANCE.

GOLDMAN AND JACKSON WERE SUMMONED IN THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S CONTINUING HEARINGS INTO ALLEGED SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITY. JOHNSON APPEARED AS A VOLUNTEER WITNESS.

TARTED READING A BITTER STATEMENT ABOUT SEN. JAMES O. EASTLAND (D-1155) WHOM HE CALLED A SPOKESMAN FOR THOSE WHO WOULD "KEEP NEGROES IN BONDAGE.

EASTLAND WAS NOT PRESENT, BUT THE SPEECH GOT JOHNSON INTO HOT WATER WITH THE TWO SENATORS PRESENT, ACTING CHAIRMAN THOMAS J. DODD (D-CONN) AND SEN. KENNETH KEATING (R-NY).

THEY INSISTED -- WITHOUT MUCH SUCCESS -- THAT JOHNSON STICK TO THE SUB-JECT ON WHICH HE HAD ASKED PERMISSION TO TESTIFY-A BIG BATCH OF RIVAL BILLS ALL SEEKING TO COUNTER DECISIONS THE SUPREME COURT HAS HANDED DOWN IN RECENT YEARS IN CASES INVOLVING SUBVERSION AND OTHER MATTERS.

BEFORE HE LEFT THE WITNESS STAND JOHNSON TOLD THE COMMITTEE THESE BILLS ARE "FOR THE BIRDS;" THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBERS ALSO ARE "JUST PLAYING TO THE BIRDS;" THAT THE COMMUNIST PARTY IS NOT A DISLOYAL ORGANIZATION.

BY SEN. JOHN L. MCCLELLAN (D-ARK).

BUT THE STOCKY, SANDY-HAIRED WITNESS PARRIED QUESTIONS AS TO

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THE UNITED STATES; AND WHETHER HE WOULD BE WILLING TO TAKE AN OATH OF

THINGS, HE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER (1) HE IS A PAST OR PRESENT COM
THE UNITED STATES; AND WHETHER HE WOULD BE WILLING TO TAKE AN OATH OF

LOYALTY TO THIS GOVERNMENT.

HE REFUSED POINT BLANK TO TELL HOW MANY COMMUNISTS THERE ARE IN THE COUNTRY TODAY, OR WHETHER THE PARTY IS GAINING OR LOSING STRENGTH. HE SAID SHCH QUESTIONS WERE NOT GERMANE AND, LIKE THE QUESTIONS ABOUT

WHETHER HE WOULD EVER FIGHT AGAINST RUSSIA; "NOT PROPEC." CR/CZ/ER532PED B31 (Q) ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST JACKSON (200) (ADVANCE) HUNTSVILLE, ALA., MAY 15 (AP)-SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) PREDICTED TONIGHT THAT SOVIET RUSSIA'S OUTPUT WILL EXCEED THAT OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN 25 YEARS UNLESS RECENT TRENDS ARE REVERSED. JACKSON, A CRITIC OF EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE AND DOMESTIC POLICIES, CALLED FOR A PRODUCTION INCREASE IN THE UNITED STATES OF 5 PER CENT ANNUALLY INSTEAD OF THE RECENT 3 PER CENT.

"ALREADY, WITH A GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT LESS THAN HALF OF OURS, THE SOVIETS MATCH US MILITARILY, TRAIN A VAST ARMY OF BRAINPOWER, AND WAGE ECONOMIC WARFARE ON BATTLE GROUNDS AROUND THE WORLD, "HE SAID.

JACKSON'S COMMENTS WERE IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR AN ARMED FORCES DAY DINNED BEFORE THE ASSAULTED STATES ARMY WERE DINNER BEFORE THE ASSN. OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY HERE.
HUNTSVILLE IS THE PLACE WHERE ARMY EXPERTS DEVELOPED THE JUPITER AND REDSTONE MISSILES AND THE EXPLORER SATELLITE. IN ORDER TO SURVIVE. HE SAID THIS SHOULD INCLUDE ADVANCES IN MILITARY STRENGTH, ECONOMIC GROWTH, EDUCATION, PROPAGANDA, DIPLOMACY AND PSYCHOLOGY TO MEET THE MULTI-FRONT CHALLENGE OF THE SOVIET UNION. JACKSON SCOFFED AT CONTENTIONS THE UNITED STATES IS SPENDING ITSELF INTO BANKRUPTCY. HE SAID MONEY WELL-INVESTED ADDS TO NATIONAL WEALTH AND THAT FISCAL SOUNDNESS DOES NOT REQUIRE ARBITRARY BUDGET CEILINGS. "WE MUST DO WHATEVER WE HAVE TO DO FOR SURVIVAL," JACKSON SAID. PL/FV505PED B20PX Q PHILADELPHIA, MAY 15 (AP)-GEN. LYMAN L. LEMNITZER ASSERTED TODAY THAT UNITY OF THE NATION'S ARMED FORCES IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN EVER. THAT IS PARTICULARLY TRUE, HE SAID, BECAUSE EACH OF THE COUNTRY'S DEFENSE REQUIREMENTS DEMANDS THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF AT LEAST TWO AND SOMETIMES ALL OF THE BRANCHES. GEN. LEMNITZER, ARMY VICE CHIEF OF STAFF WHO HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO SUCCEED GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR AS ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF JULY 1, GAVE THE KEYNOTE SPEECH AT THE ANNUAL ARMED FORCES WEEK LUNCHEON.

HE TICKED OFF THESE REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST BE MET BY THE ARMED SERVICES TO PROTECT THE COUNTRY ACCOUNTS. SERVICES TO PROTECT THE COUNTRY AGAINST ATTACK: ABILITY TO RETALIATE IN ANY WAR AROUND THE WORLD; ABILITY TO MEET
THE FORCES OF AN AGGRESSOR; ABILITY TO SUPPLY MOBILE RESERVES FOR
QUICK MOVEMENT AND FOR PROTECTION OF THE SEA AND AIR LANES; THE NEED
TO HELP OTHER FREE NATIONS DEVELOP THEIR MILITARY STRENGTH; AND THE MAINTENANCES OF THE DEFENSE OF MILITARY AND STRATEGIC AREAS IN THE UNITED STATES. GEN. LEMNITZER CITED THE AIR DEFENSE EFFORT AS ONE OF THE CLEAREST

(330) NIGHT LEAD SOVIET EXCHANGES BY JOHN SCALI WASHINGTON, MAY 15 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS PROPOSED NEW TALKS WITH RUSSIA TO ARRANGE MORE EXCHANGE VISITS BY CULTURAL, TECHNICAL, AND EDUCATIONAL DELEGATIONS, PERHAPS FOR ANOTHER TWO YEARS.

IN A FORMAL NOTE, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SUGGESTED NEGOTIATIONS BEGIN HERE IN LATE JUNE OR EARLY JULY TO EXTEND AND POSSIBLY EXPAND THE INITIAL AGREEMENT SIGNED BY THE COUNTRIES IAN 27, 1958.

ILLUSTRATIONS OF EFFECTIVE SERVICE TEAMWORK IN COOPERATION WITH

THITTIAL AGREEMENT SIGNED BY THE TWO COUNTRIES JAN. 27, 1958.

ALLIES.

G4PED

SOVIET AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL MENSHIKOV, AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTE TODAY, PROMPTLY TOLD NEWSMEN HIS GOVERNMENT WOULD FAVOR CONTINUING THE EXCHANGES--PROBABLY FOR ANOTHER COUPLE OF YEARS."

I CAN SAY IT CERTAINLY IS GOING ON SUCCESSFULLY AND IT CERTAINLY IS USEFUL, " HE SAID WITH A BIG SMILE.

SPECIAL AMBASSADOR WILLIAM LACY, WHO SUPERVISES EAST-WEST CONTACTS
FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT, CALLED MENSHIKOV IN TO DISCUSS NEW TALKS. HIS
NOTE DISAGREED WITH A SOVIET SUGGESTION THAT DISCUSSIONS BEGIN IN MOSCOW LACY ACTED AFTER STATISTICS SHOWED THE TWO-YEAR AGREEMENT, DUE TO EXPIRE NEXT JANUARY, ALREADY HAS BEEN 90 PER CENT CARRIED OUT OR IN PROCESS OF BEING COMPLETED, SUCCESSFULLY.

SO FAR, SOME 1,700 SOVIET AND AMERICAN OFFICIAL VISITORS, PART OF SOME 170 DELEGATIONS, HAVE MADE TRIPS. MOST OF THESE DELEGATIONS HAVE BEEN IN THE INDUSTRIAL-TECHNICAL FIELD. AND PROPOSED WASHINGTON INSTEAD. THE AGREEMENT ALSO HAS SET OFF A TWO-WAY FLOW OF TOURISTS, WITH MORE THAN 5,000 PRIVATE AMERICANS VISITING RUSSIA. SOME 70 SOVIET TOURISTS, THE FIRST SINCE WORLD WAR II, ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES ONE OF THE FEW SECTIONS OF THE AGREEMENT YET TO BE REALIZED IS THE START OF TALKS LOOKING TO DIRECT AIR FLIGHTS BETWEEN MOSCOW AND THE UNITED STATES. THE STATE DEPARTMENT FORMALLY PRO. OSED SUCH TALKS LAST FALL BUT RUSSIA DID NOT REPLY. LAST FALL. A SWAP OF VISITS BY A SENATE DELEGATION, IN RETURN FOR A TOUR BY A SUPREME SOVIET GROUP, HAS NOT BEEN ARRANGED EITHER.

UNDER THIS SAME AGREEMENT, A SOVIET TRADE EXHIBITION IS DUE TO OPEN IN THE NEW YORK COLISEUM JUNE 30. A SIMILAR AMERICAN EXHIBIT IS TO START IN MOSCOW'S SOKOLONIKI PARK JULY 25, WITH VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON OFFICIALLY OPENING THE FAIR.

END-MAY15, 1959

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